











APDDv2: Aesthetics of Paintings and Drawings Dataset with Artist Labeled Scores and Comments

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Background

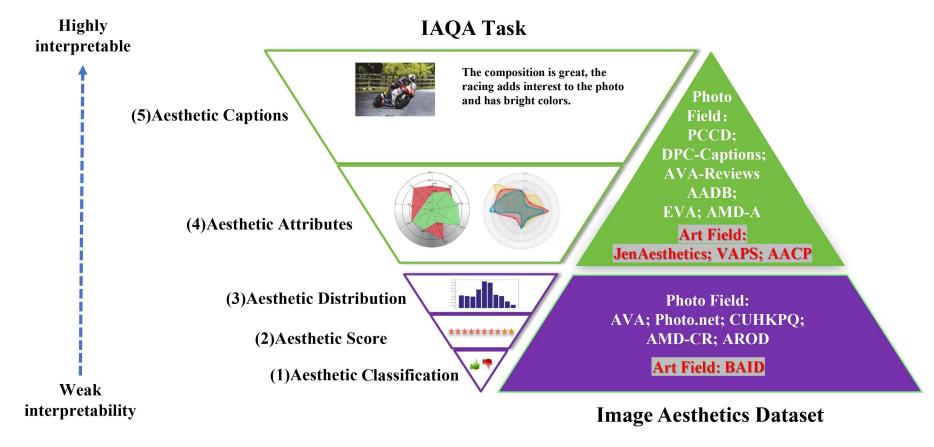


Figure 1: The five-layered tasks of IAQA.

Image Aesthetic Quality Assessment (IAQA) is an important field in computer vision. While photo aesthetic quality has seen extensive research, painting aesthetics evaluation has received much less attention.

Background

Previously, we created the painting dataset APDDv1 [Jin et al., 2024] and the art image scoring model AANSPS.

This work was presented at the IJCAI 2024 conference.

However, both the dataset and the scoring model still have limitations.

Paintings and Drawings Aesthetics Assessment with Rich Attributes for Various Artistic Categories

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Abstract

Image aesthetic evaluation is a highly prominent research domain in the field of computer vision. In recent years, there has been a proliferation of datasets and corresponding evaluation methodologies for assessing the aesthetic quality of photographic works, leading to the establishment of a relatively mature research environment. However, in contrast to the extensive research in photographic aesthetics, the field of aesthetic evaluation for paintings and drawings has seen limited attention until the introduction of the BAID dataset in March 2023. This dataset solely comprises overall scores for high-quality artistic images. Our research marks the pioneering introduction of a multi-attribute, multi-category dataset specifically tailored to the field of painting: Aesthetics of Paintings and Drawings Dataset (APDD). The construction of APDD received active participation from 28 professional artists worldwide, along with dozens of students specializing in the field of art. This dataset encompasses 24 distinct artistic categories and 10 different aesthetic attributes. Each image in APDD has been evaluated by six professionally trained experts in the field of art, including assessments for both total aesthetic scores and aesthetic attribute scores. The final APDD dataset comprises a total of 4985 images, with an annotation count exceeding 31100 entries. Concurrently, we propose an innovative approach: Art Assessment Network for Specific Painting Styles (AANSPS), designed for the assessment of aesthetic attributes in mixed-attribute art datasets. Through this research, our goal is to catalyze advancements in the field of aesthetic evaluation for paintings and drawings, while enriching the available resources and methodologies for its further development and application. Dataset is available at https://github.com/BestiVictory/APDD.git

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1 Introduction

Computational aesthetics [Datta et al., 2006] aims to enable computers and robots to recognize, generate, and create beauty. In related research, computational visual aesthetics [Brachmann and Redies, 2017] primarily involves training large datasets to acquire neural network models, enabling the models to provide evaluations of aesthetic quality. Consequently, the construction of benchmark datasets for Image Aesthetic Quality Assessment (IAQA) has become a crucial prerequisite for advancing research in this direction. However, existing datasets predominantly focus on total aesthetic scores of images, with limited exploration in the study of image categories and aesthetic attributes. Moreover, the majority of existing datasets are concentrated in the field of photo, with sparse representation in the field of artistic images.



Figure 1: Samples from the APDD dataset. APDD covers 24 artistic categories and 10 aesthetic attributes. Different artistic categories correspond to different sets of attributes.

Contributions

- Evaluation criteria: Developed tailored criteria for assessing artistic images and a scalable dataset expansion method.
- APDDv2 dataset: Introduced a dataset with 10,023 images, 85,191 annotations, and 6,249 comments.
- ArtCLIP network: Developed ArtCLIP using multi-attribute contrastive learning.

Total Aestheti		38.33	45.83	56.67		
	T&L	4.5	4.83	Company of the second		
	Cre					
	L&C	4.5	4.67	5.5		
Aesthetic	S&P	3.83	4.5	5.67		
Attribute Score	so	4.17	4.83			
Attribute Score	L&S	4.33	4.17	5.83		
	Col	3.67	4.17	5.5		
	D&T	3.67	4	4.67		
	TO	4	4.67	4.67		
	M	4.17	4.33			
Language Coi	mment	The picture is not neat enough, the reflection color is too solid and somewhabrupt, and the colors of the lake, wate and sky are differentiated.	1	The combination of white and green colors makes the entire picture more clear, but the color connection is poor.		
Artistic Cate	egory	Oil Painting-Classicism-Landscapes	Oil Painting-Classicism-Landscapes	Oil Painting-Classicism-Portraiture		
	55	65	73.33	89.17		
	6	7.33	7.17	7.83		
	/	The second of	/			
444	5.67	6.67	7	8.5		
Marie de la companya della companya	5.83	5.67	7.33	8.17		
是一个一一面的"打"	5.67	6.17	6.5	8.33		
THE WALL THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN	5.17	6.67	7.33	8.33		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	1					
	5.5	5.67	7.17	8.5		
	5.5	6.17	7.33	8		
	5.5	5.83	5.83	7.83		
The composition of the picture is relatively reasonable, but the details are slightly insufficient, lacking light and shadow details, and the picture lacks a primary and secondary relationship.		The geometric shape of the screen performs well, with proper handling oi light and dark transitions and a strong sense of three dimensionality. However the processing of image details is relatively lacking.	snadow effect, the overall architectural	The visuals are rich in details, with a certain degree of thematic and imaginative elements, and the visuals are good on both sides.		
Sketching-Symbolism	n-Landscapes	Sketching-Symbolism-Still Life	Sketching-Classicism-Still Life	Sketching-Classicism-Still Life		
	35.83	72.5	80	87.5		
	4.5	7.5				
The same of the sa	4.67					
Mary The Control of t	4	7	8	8.67		
	1	6.83	7.67	8.5		
	4.33	6.83				
	/	7.17	7.67	8.17		
	4.17	7.17	7.83	8.33		
-	3	7.17	7.5	8.67		
	4.17	6.83	7.5	8.67		
	3.67	6.5	/	/		
The picture is very simple, and the		The bird's posture is not agile enough, the	ne			
brushstrokes are also very beginner		color depiction is somewhat weakened	A very delicate painting with delicately	A very interesting composition method, with		
like, with a very immature way of		the plant lines are not smooth enough,	crafted characters that are very	delicate and interesting character portrayal, and		
shaping. Lack of detail, lack of depth,		and the color gradient depiction in the	interesting, and the ink used is very	very clever ink use.		
and the picture se		picture is proficient.	clever.	Total and the state of the stat		
unfinishe	d	picture is proficient.				
Traditional Chines	se Painting	Traditional Chinese Painting	Traditional Chinese Painting	Traditional Chinese Painting		
-Freehand-Mountain		-Meticulous-Floral and Avian	-Meticulous-Portraiture	-Meticulous-Portraiture		
		1	1			

Figure 3: Samples from the APDDv2 dataset.

Related Work (Image Aesthetic Assessment Datasets)

Dataset	Number of Images	Number of Attributes	Number of Categories	Any Comment?	
BAID [Yi et al., 2023]	60,337	l (L)(-	NO	
AACP [Jiang et al., 2024]	21,200	(-)	-	NO	
VAPS [Fekete et al., 2022]	999	5	5	NO	
JenAesthetics [Amirshahi et al., 2015]	1,268	5	16	NO	
JenAesthetics β [Amirshahi et al., 2016]	281	1 (beauty)	16	NO	
MART [Yanulevskaya et al., 2012]	500	1 (emotion)	-	NO	
APDDv1 [Jin et al., 2024]	4,985	10	24	NO	
APDDv2	10,023	10	24	YES	

Table 1: A comparison between the APDD dataset and existing artistic image datasets.

Existing artistic image datasets generally exhibit several limitations:

- Scores rely on user votes, lacking professional expertise;
- Limited variety of painting styles;
- Constrained aesthetic attributes;
- Small dataset size.

Related Work (Artistic Image Aesthetic Assessment Models)

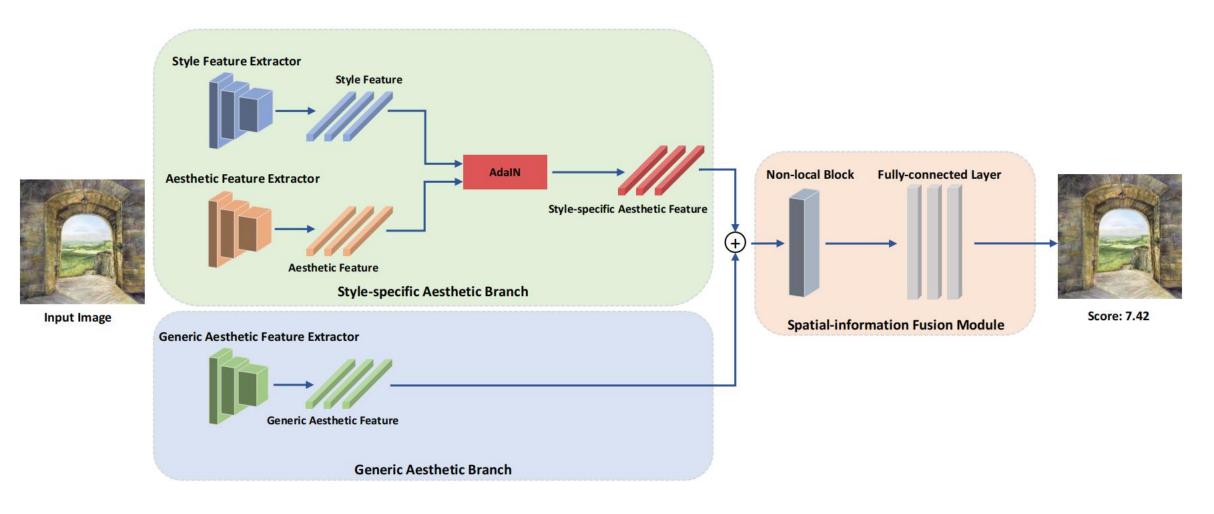


Figure 4: Overall architecture of the SAAN proposed by Yi et al. [Yi et al., 2023].

Related Work (Artistic Image Aesthetic Assessment Models)

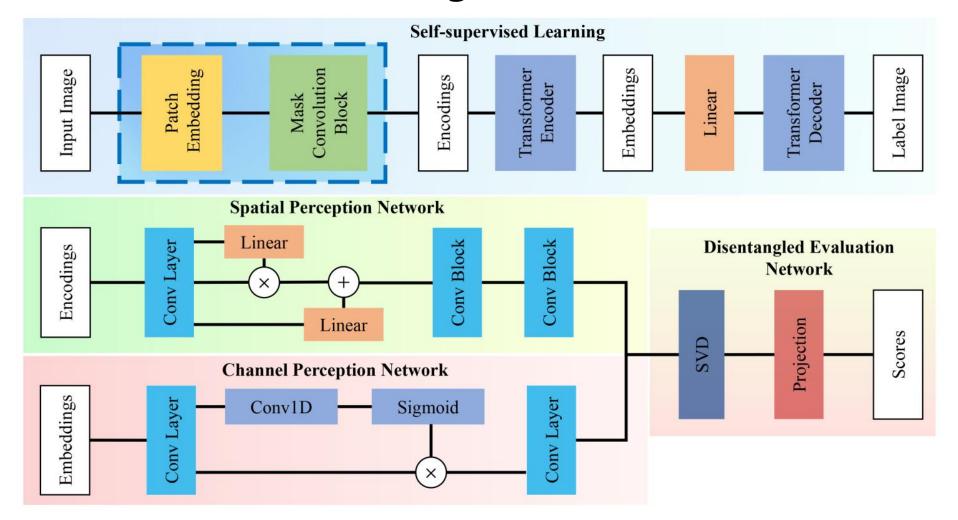


Figure 5: The network architecture for calculating scores on AACP proposed by Jiang et al. [Jiang et al., 2024].

Related Work (Artistic Image Aesthetic Assessment Models)

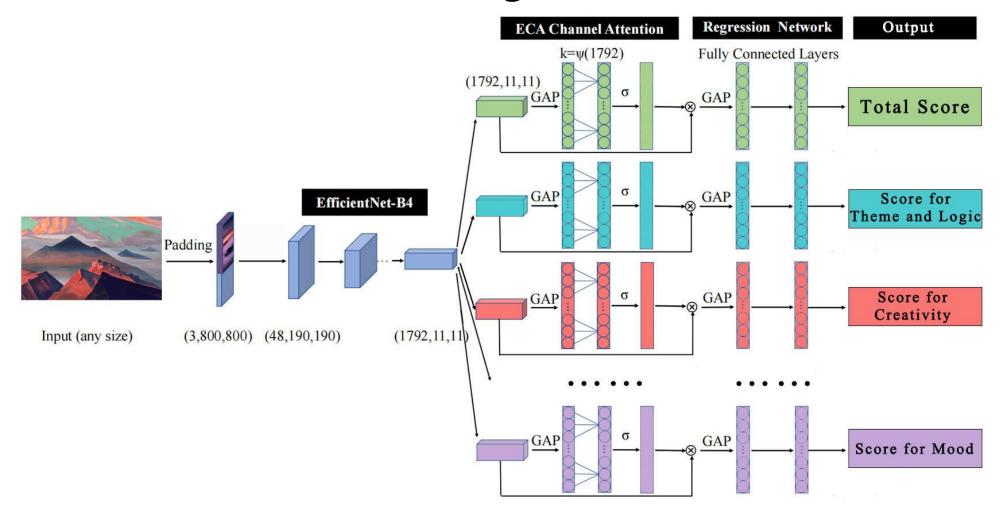


Figure 6: The network architecture of AANSPS proposed by Jin et al. [Jin et al., 2024].

APDDv2 -- 24 Artistic Categories

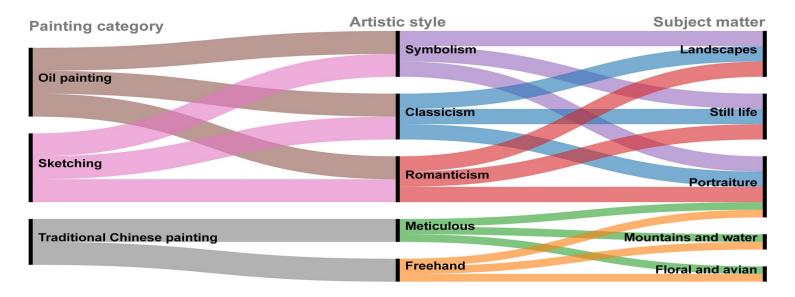


Figure 7: 24 Artistic Categories.

The images in APDD are classified into 24 categories based on:

- painting category (Oil Painting, sketching, and Traditional Chinese Painting)
- artistic styles (Symbolism, Classicism, Romanticism, Meticulous, and Freehand)
- subject matter (Landscapes, Still life, Portraiture, Floral and Avian, Mountains and Water)

APDDv2 -- 10 Aesthetic Attributes

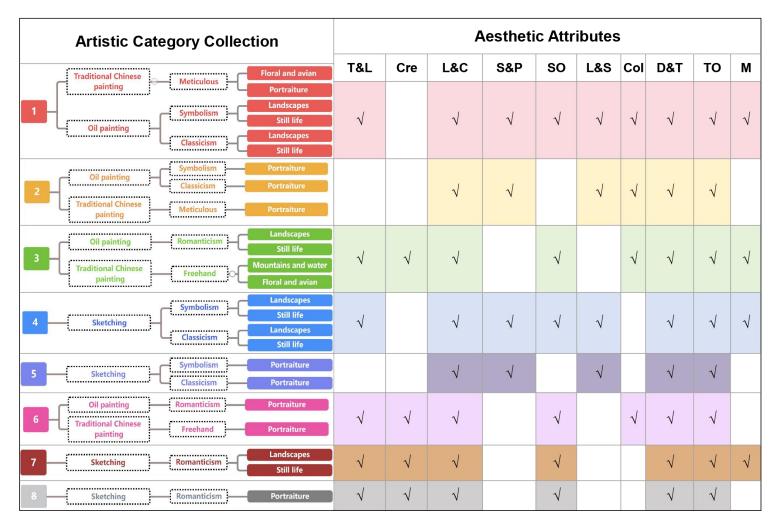


Figure 8: Correspondence between artistic categories and aesthetic attributes.

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10 aesthetic attributes:

- **T&L**: Theme and Logic
- **Cre**: Creativity
- L&C: Layout and Composition
- **S&P**: Space and Perspective
- **SO**:Sense of Order
- L&S: Light and Shadow
- **Col**: Color
- **D&T**: Detail and Texture
- **TO**: The Overall
- **M**: Mood

- 1. Assemble a team of professional artists.
- 2. Collect artworks and student drawings.

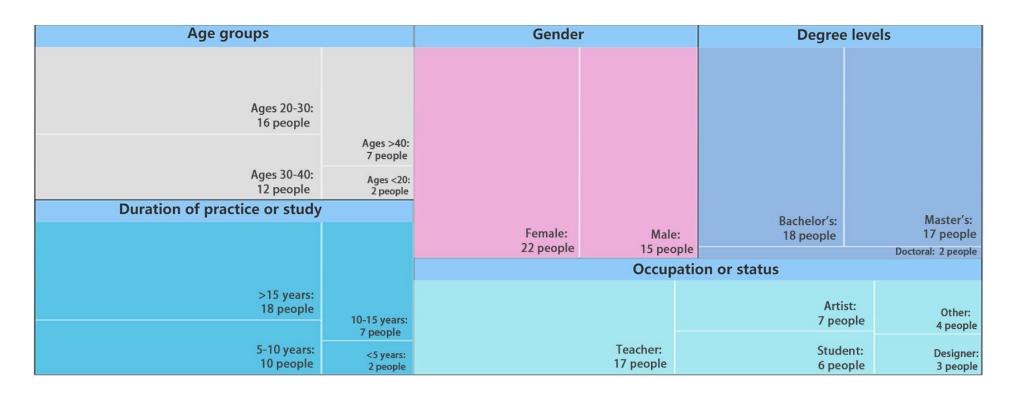


Figure 9: Labeling Team Composition.

3. Design the scoring criteria.

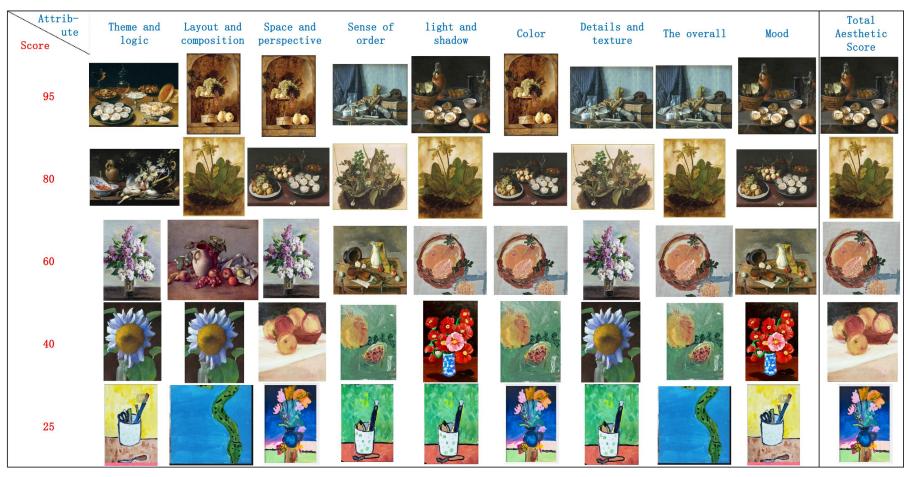


Figure 10: Scoring benchmark table for "Oil Painting - Symbolism - Still Life" category

3. Design the scoring criteria.

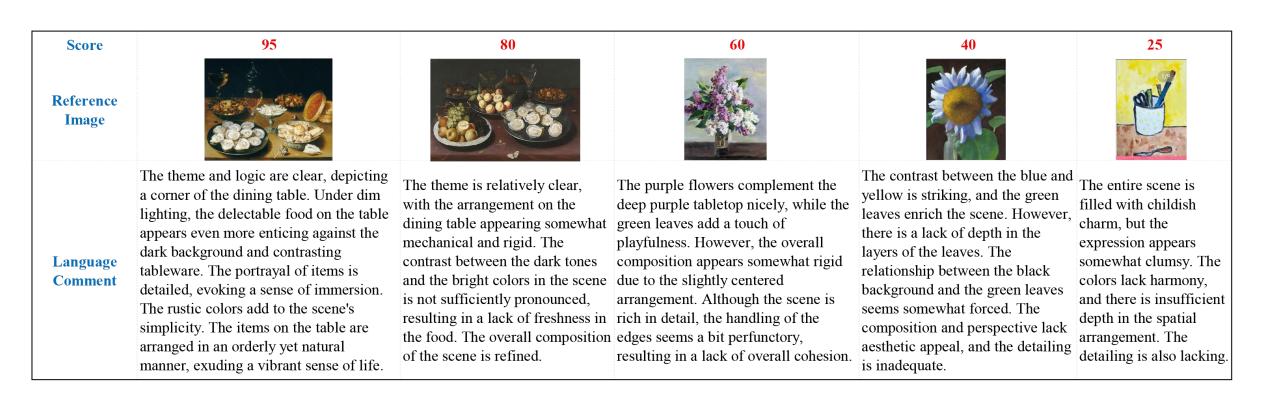


Figure 11: Benchmark table for language comments in "Oil Painting - Symbolism - Still Life" category

- 4. Develop online labeling system.
- 5. Divide up the work and then score online.

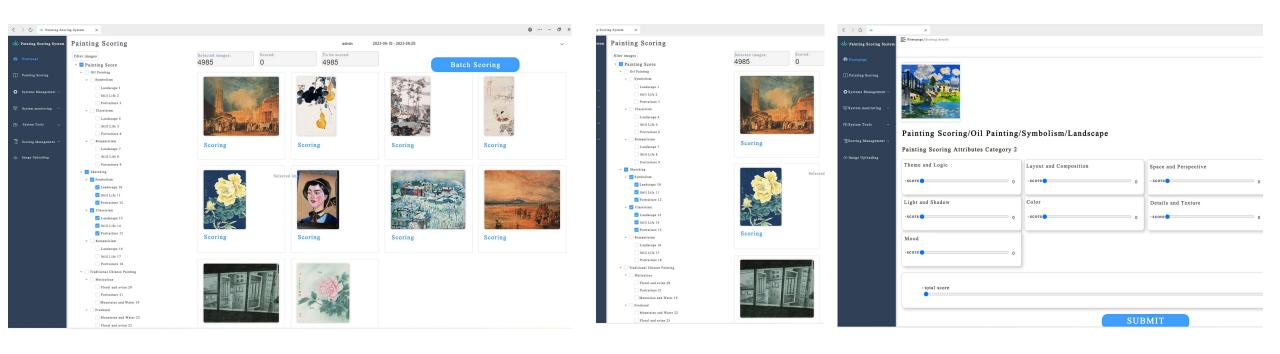


Figure 12: Labeling System Interface

APDDv2 -- Statistical Information

Score type	Total Aesthetic Score	Theme and Logic	Creativity	Layout and composition	Space and Perspective	
pre-averaging	62,790	49,967	24,122	62,790	38,668	
after averaging	10,023	7,965	3,820	10,023	6,205	
Score type	Sense of Order	Light and Shadow	Color	Details and Texture	The Overall	Mood
pre-averaging	49,967	38,644	38,870	62,790	62,790	42,115
after averaging	7,965	6,205	6,202	10,023	10,023	6,737

Table 2: Number of labels for each score type of APDDv2

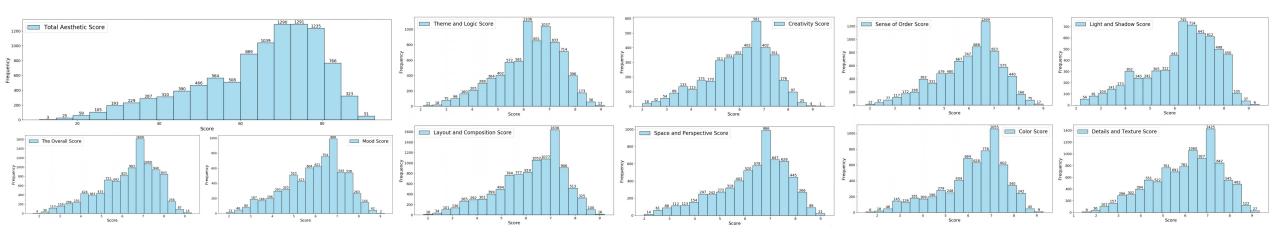


Figure 13: The score distribution of APDDv2

ArtCLIP

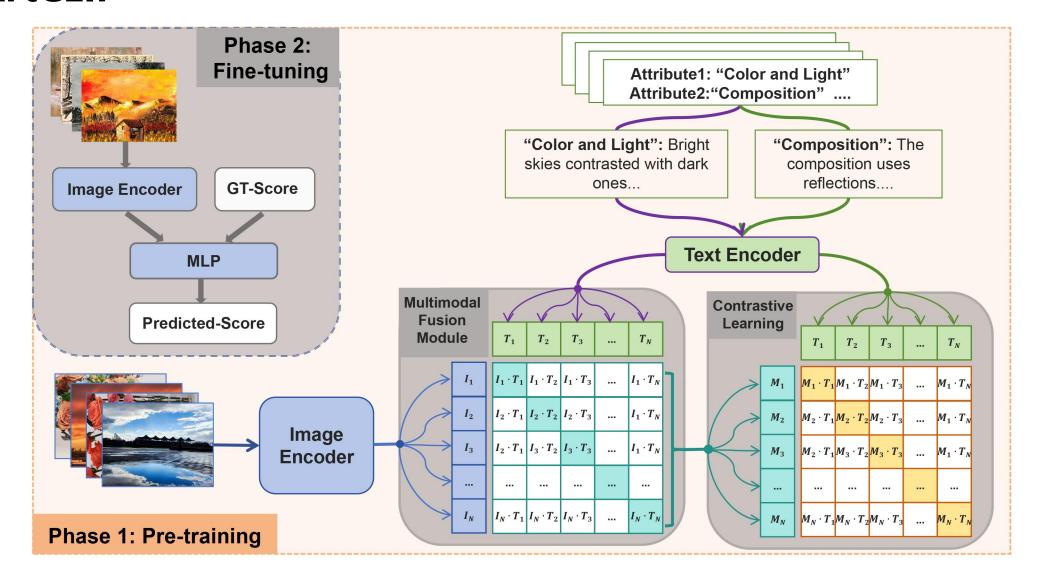


Figure 14: Network architecture of ArtCLIP

Experiments

Score			AANSPS					SAAN					ArtCLIP		
Type	MSE ↓	MAE ↓	SROCC ↑	PLCC ↑	ACC ↑	MSE ↓	MAE ↓	SROCC ↑	PLCC ↑	ACC ↑	MSE ↓	MAE ↓	SROCC ↑	PLCC ↑	ACC ↑
TAS	0.88	0.73	0.76	0.79	0.89	1.79	0.99	0.78	0.61	0.86	0.68	0.63	0.81	0.84	0.89
T&L	0.73	0.68	0.70	0.72	0.87	1.98	1.07	0.48	0.49	0.83	0.60	0.60	0.74	0.77	0.87
C	0.81	0.72	0.71	0.72	0.85	1.84	1.05	0.48	0.49	0.78	0.71	0.67	0.74	0.74	0.85
L&C	0.74	0.68	0.74	0.77	0.89	1.49	0.93	0.56	0.58	0.82	0.63	0.61	0.77	0.80	0.88
S&P	0.76	0.70	0.72	0.79	0.91	1.60	0.95	0.60	0.63	0.85	0.60	0.61	0.79	0.83	0.91
SO	0.75	0.68	0.73	0.75	0.87	1.60	0.94	0.52	0.52	0.81	0.62	0.62	0.75	0.78	0.87
L\$S	0.83	0.72	0.73	0.79	0.90	1.67	1.02	0.61	0.65	0.84	0.65	0.63	0.79	0.84	0.91
Col	0.80	0.70	0.79	0.78	0.91	1.76	1.00	0.54	0.60	0.89	0.59	0.59	0.75	0.84	0.92
D&T	0.90	0.74	0.76	0.78	0.86	1.62	0.97	0.62	0.62	0.82	0.70	0.65	0.81	0.83	0.88
O	0.79	0.70	0.73	0.77	0.89	1.35	0.89	0.58	0.62	0.85	0.63	0.62	0.78	0.81	0.89
M	0.88	0.74	0.71	0.73	0.86	1.83	1.02	0.52	0.53	0.80	0.71	0.67	0.75	0.78	0.85

Table 3: Comparison of AANSPS [Jin et al., 2024], SAAN [Yi et al., 2023] and ArtCLIP on APDDv2.

Test Samples

Type of score		Predicted	GT		Predicted	GT		Predicted	GT
Total Score		82.10	82.50		75.50	75.80		61.30	61.70
T&L		/	/		6.85	6.83		6.43	6.50
Cre		/	/		/	/		6.00	/
L&C		7.37	7.33		7.03	7.00		6.23	6.17
S&P		7.48	7.50		6.89	7.00		5.82	6.17
so	CAN THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERTY OF THE PE	/	/	male of the state	6.97	6.50		6.10	6.17
L&S		7.68	7.67		6.93	6.83		5.83	5.83
Col	4.0	/	/	The same of the sa	/	/	7 34 171	6.46	6.33
D&T	The state of the s	7.50	7.83		7.09	7.00		6.28	6.17
TO	Market The State of the State o	7.76	7.67		7.13	7.17		6.28	6.00
M		/	/		6.85	6.83		6.30	6.17
Total Score	- Comment	60.00	54.20	AND THE MAN TH	33.00	34.20		21.90	20.60
T&L		/	/		4.28	4.17		/	/
Cre		/	/	The state of the s	3.99	4.17		/	/
L&C		5.69	6.33		3.43	4.00	4	2.45	3.25
S&P	5	5.34	5.00		/	/	7 6	2.46	2.62
so		/ 5.27	5.17		3.77	3.38		2.76	2.50
L&S		5.27	5.17	WAY STATE OF THE S	2.50	/		2.76	2.50
Col D&T		, 5.17	/ 5.17		3.58	3.67 3.17	and the second second	3.51 2.44	3.38
TO		5.17	5.17 5.50		2.72 3.95	4.00		2.44	2.50 2.62
M		3. 33 /	3.30		3.31	3.17	All of Eller	2.87	2.62
Total Score		82.30	84.20		79.00	78.30	A star A Line And Court of Start A Command of Start St	70.60	67.50
T&L		/	/		/9.00	/8.30		6.68	6.83
Cre		,	,	C COLOR TO THE	,	,		6.81	6.67
L&C		8.12	8.00		7.58	7.67	(A) [[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	6.77	6.67
S&P		7.86	8.33		7.44	7.50		/	/
so	N. C.	/	/		/	/	113.	6.58	6.83
L&S		8.16	8.17		7.45	7.50		/	/
Col	2000年1	/	/		7.67	7.67		6.79	6.67
D&T		7.90	7.83	TOTAL TELESCOPE	7.39	7.17		6.88	6.83
TO		7.82	8.17		7.79	7.17	A SUN W	7.01	7.00
M		/	/		/	/		/	/
Total Score	7	63.20	65.80	TOO OF THE PERSON	50.00	47.90		45.50	41.70
T&L	Mary Carlo	6.66	6.67		/	/		/	/
Cre		6.49	6.67		/	/		/	/
L&C	A POPULAR	6.47	6.50		5.18	5.71	TE CAM	4.86	4.67
S&P		/	/		4.39	4.43		4.16	4.00
so		6.29	6.50		/	/		/	/
L&S		/	/		4.40	4.57		4.06	4.00
Col		6.12	6.50	TO	5.29	5.43		/	/
D&T	A CONTRACTOR AND THE STATE OF T	6.59	6.83		4.12	4.43		3.78	3.83
ТО	300	6.35	6.33		5.12	4.86		4.58	4.33
M		/	/		/	/		/	/

Figure 15: Test samples. *Predicted* represents the predicted score of the ArtCLIP output. *GT* represents the ground-truth score.

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CA





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