



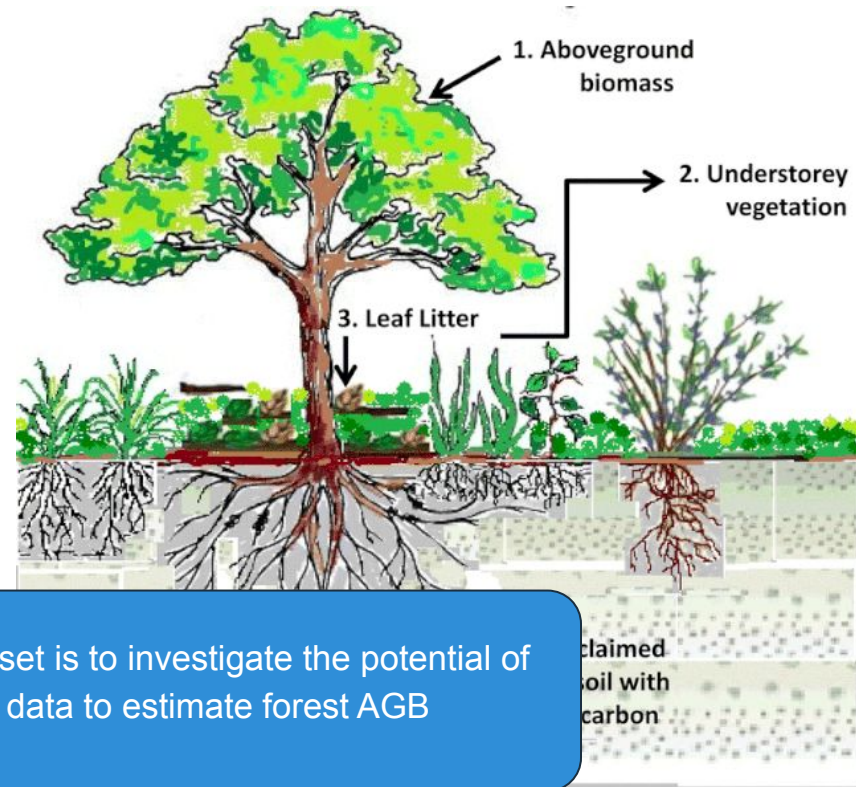
BioMasters: A Benchmark Dataset for Forest Biomass Estimation using Multi-modal Satellite Time-series

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Problem Statement

- **AboveGround Biomass (AGB)** is a critical measure for understanding carbon sequestered in forests.
- Current airborne and terrestrial methods are expensive and time-consuming, with limited frequency.
- Satellite products are mainly based on physical based models and provide low spatial resolution AGB estimation.
- No deep-learning ready dataset available .

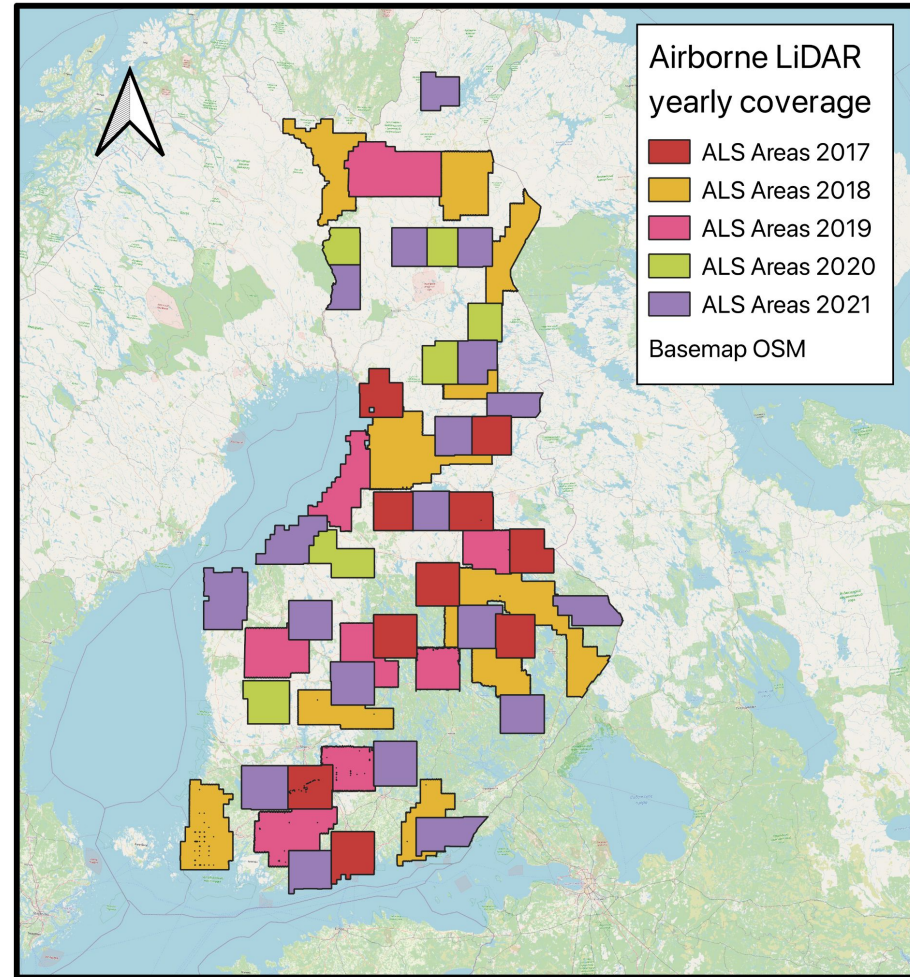


The aim of the "BioMassters" benchmark dataset is to investigate the potential of multi-modal and multi-temporal satellite data to estimate forest AGB

Biomassster Dataset:

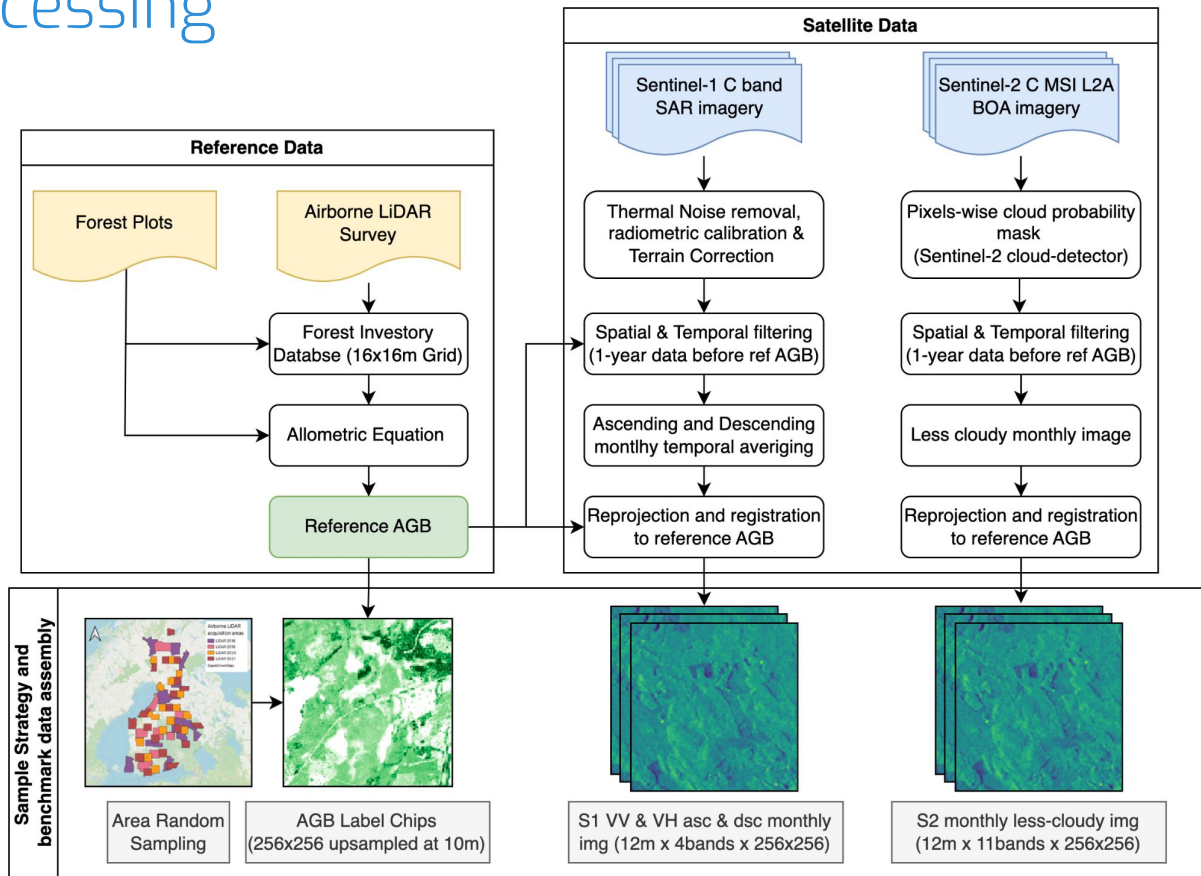
Reference Airborne LiDAR data

- LiDAR acquisition from 2017 to 2021 covering entire Finland
- Open Data by the Finland Forest Centre (CC-BY-4.0)
- Data in $16\text{ m} \times 16\text{ m}$ regular grid including tree attributes e.g., tree species, number of trees, trunk diameter, tree height, and more
- Calibrated allometric equation to compute AGB
- **Approx 13000 patches**, with patch size 256×256 at 10 m resolution



Satellite Data Pre-Processing

- Two Modalities:
 - Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) Sentinel-1
 - Multi-spectral Sentinel-2 (wavelengths from 400 to 2400 nm)
- Multi-temporal images:
 - Yearly time series
 - One image per month
 - Few missing images for some months (e.g. Dec. 2019)



The BioMassters Competition

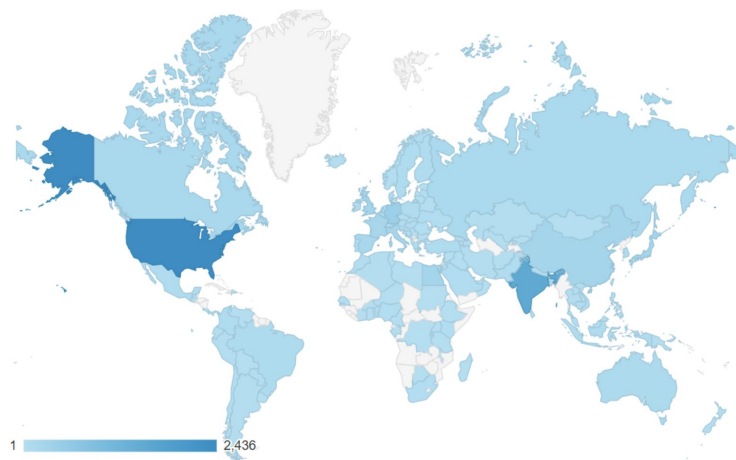
Hosted by Driven Data & supported by MathWorks

Quick facts:

- 976 participants
- 1049 submissions
- 90 active teams

Holdout test set, 30 % from 2018, 2020, and 2021, and 20 % from 2019 data

Metric: Average RMSE in tonnes per pixel



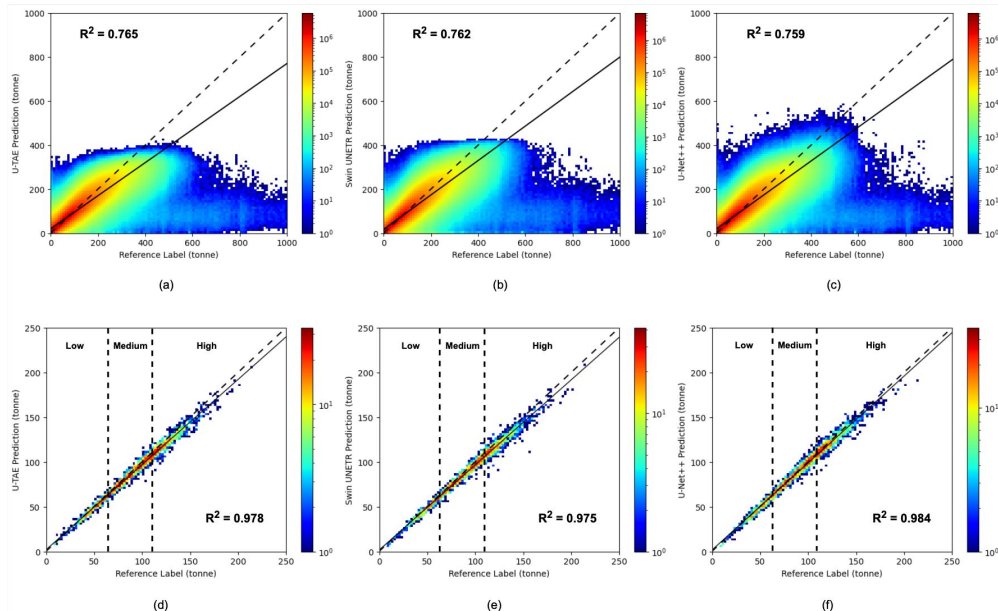
Top-Three Model Results

Top-three models are an adaptation of the following architectures:

1. U-TAE (U-Net Temporal Attention Encoder)
2. Swin UNETR (Swin U-Net TFormer)
3. U-Net++

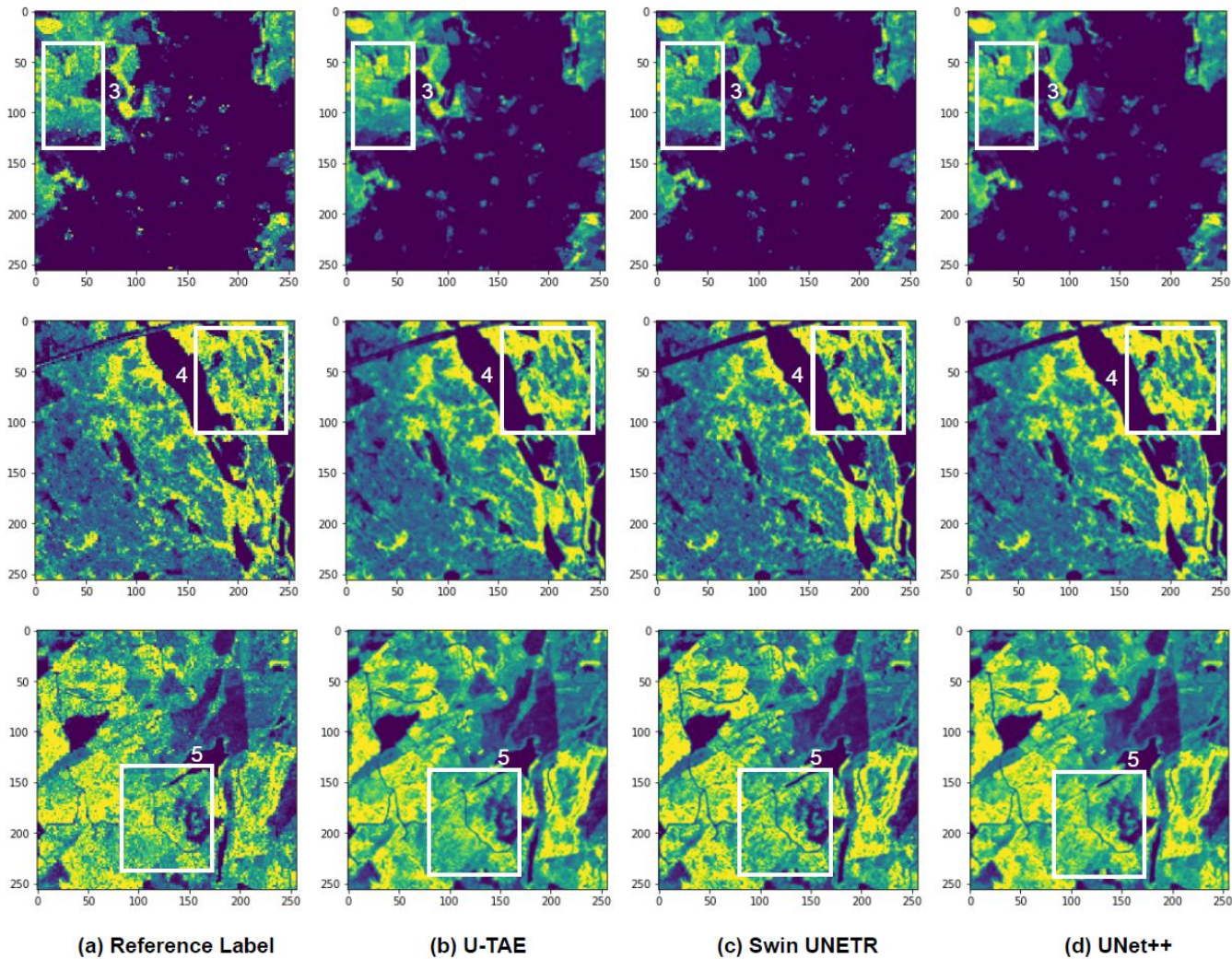
Implementations:

<https://github.com/drivendataorg/the-biomasssters>



Method	Low Density	Medium Density	High Density	Overall
Average RMSE \pm Std.				
U-TAE [14]	15.24 \pm 4.29	28.55 \pm 9.89	37.59 \pm 11.02	27.49 \pm 12.14
Swin UNETR [19]	15.25 \pm 4.41	28.61 \pm 9.85	37.64 \pm 11.09	27.53 \pm 12.16
U-Net++ [50] Ensembled	15.60 \pm 4.35	29.01 \pm 9.80	38.04 \pm 10.93	27.92 \pm 12.11
Average Bias \pm Std.				
U-TAE [14]	0.054 \pm 15.84	0.37 \pm 30.22	1.76 \pm 39.14	0.64 \pm 30.04
Swin UNETR [19]	0.43 \pm 15.88	0.92 \pm 30.25	2.37 \pm 39.17	1.16 \pm 30.08
U-Net++ [50] Ensembled	-0.37 \pm 16.19	-0.62 \pm 30.62	0.49 \pm 39.58	-0.28 \pm 30.43

Result Samples

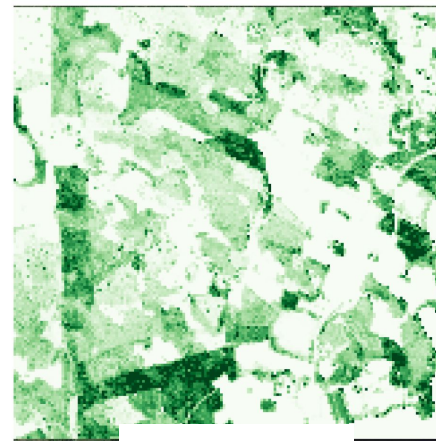


Conclusions & Future Prospects

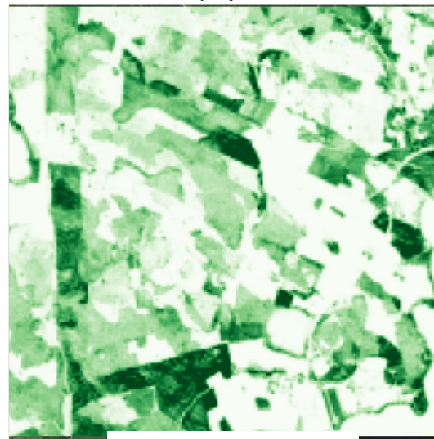
- We released the first deep-learning ready dataset for AGB estimation from multi-modal and multi-temporal satellite time series
- We compare the obtained results with existing globally available satellite products derived from Sentinel images
- We show the potential of deep-learning model to obtain accurate estimation of the AGB at higher spatial resolution (10m vs 100m)
- The dataset could be extended to other regions to investigate the generalization capability of the model



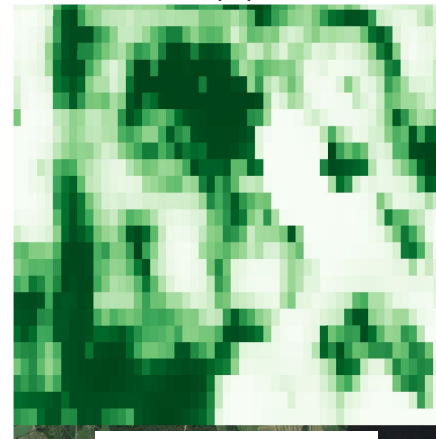
VHR Basemap



Reference AGB



U-TAE Prediction



ESA AGB Product