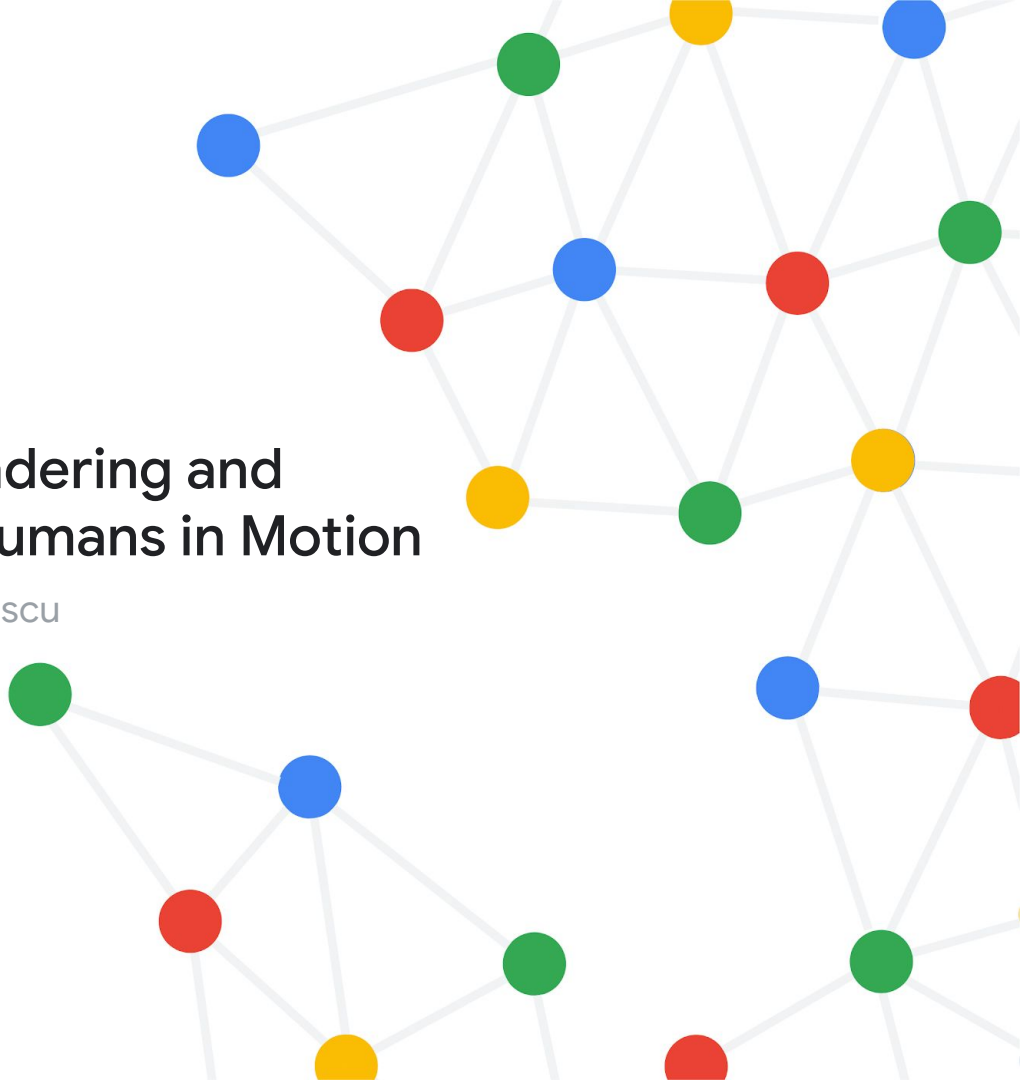


# H-NeRF: Neural Radiance Fields for Rendering and Temporal Reconstruction of Humans in Motion

Hongyi Xu, [Thiemo Alldieck](#), Cristian Sminchisescu



# H-NeRF



Videos with novel views synthesized using H-NeRF

# Neural Radiance Fields

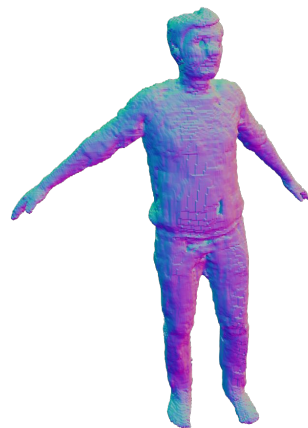
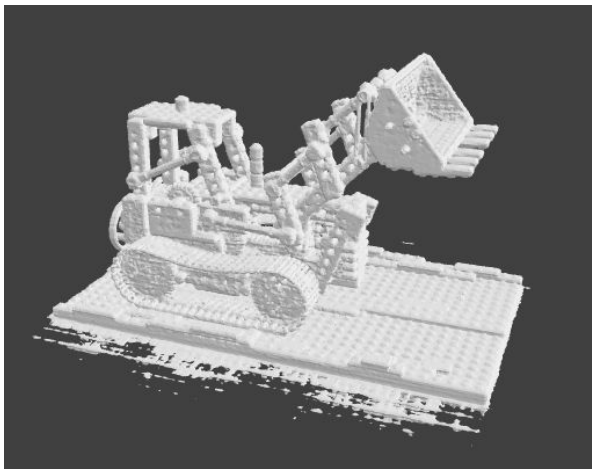


Static Scenes  
[Mildenhall et al. 2020]



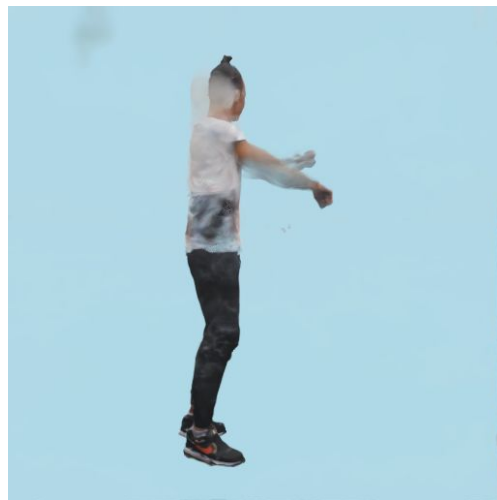
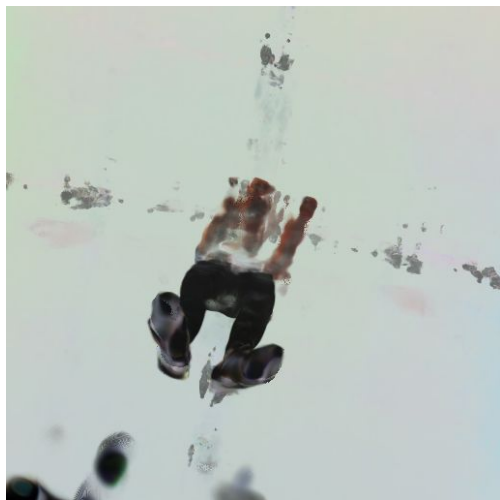
Human Motion  
[Peng et al. 2021]

# Limitations of Neural Radiance Fields



Neural rendering does not generalize well for viewpoints far from the training set

# Limitations of Neural Radiance Fields

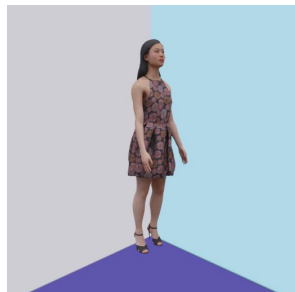


Neural rendering does not generalize well for viewpoints far from the training set, and for deformable and articulated structures

# H-NeRF

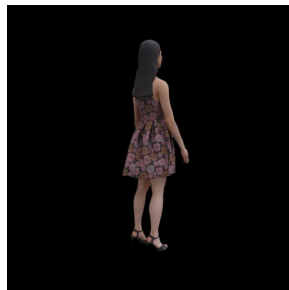


⋮

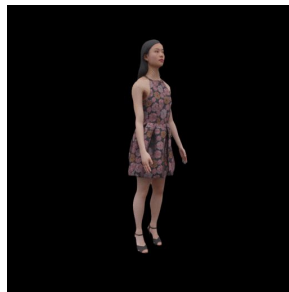


Input: monocular or  
sparse multi-view videos

Neural radiance field



⋮



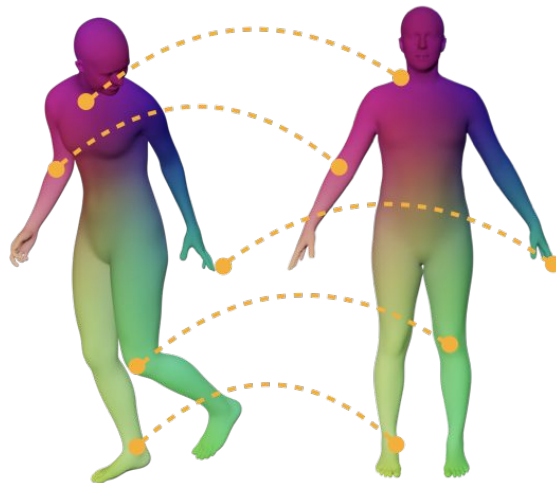
Output: rendering and temporal  
reconstruction of a human in motion



# Implicit 3D Body Model (imGHUM) for shape and appearance regularization



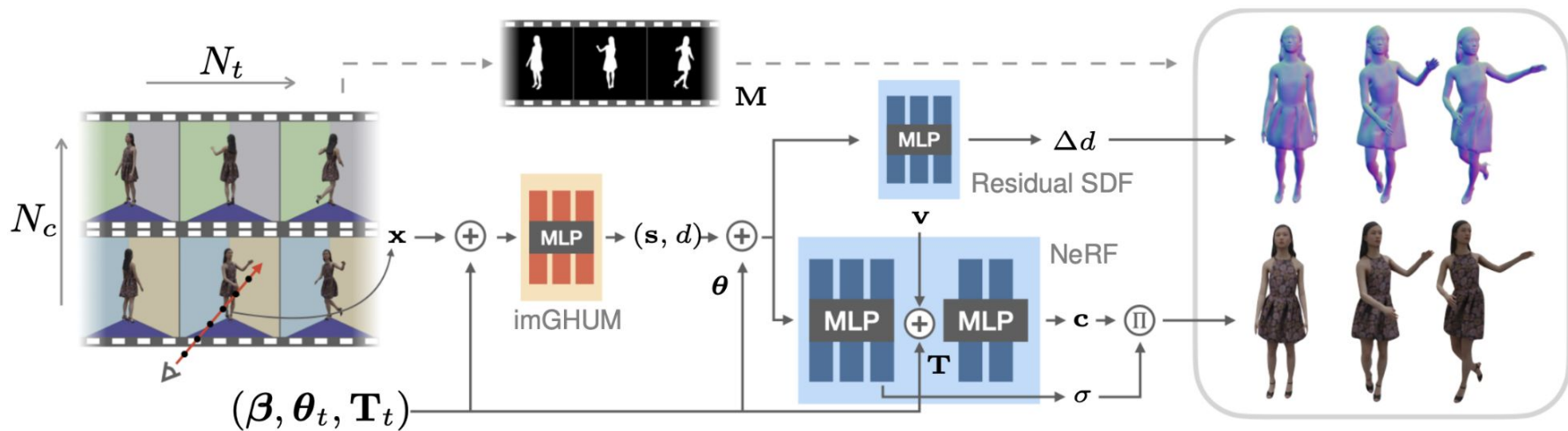
1. Rich geometric prior for occupancy



2. Semantic mapping function to integrate appearance over time into a common coordinate system

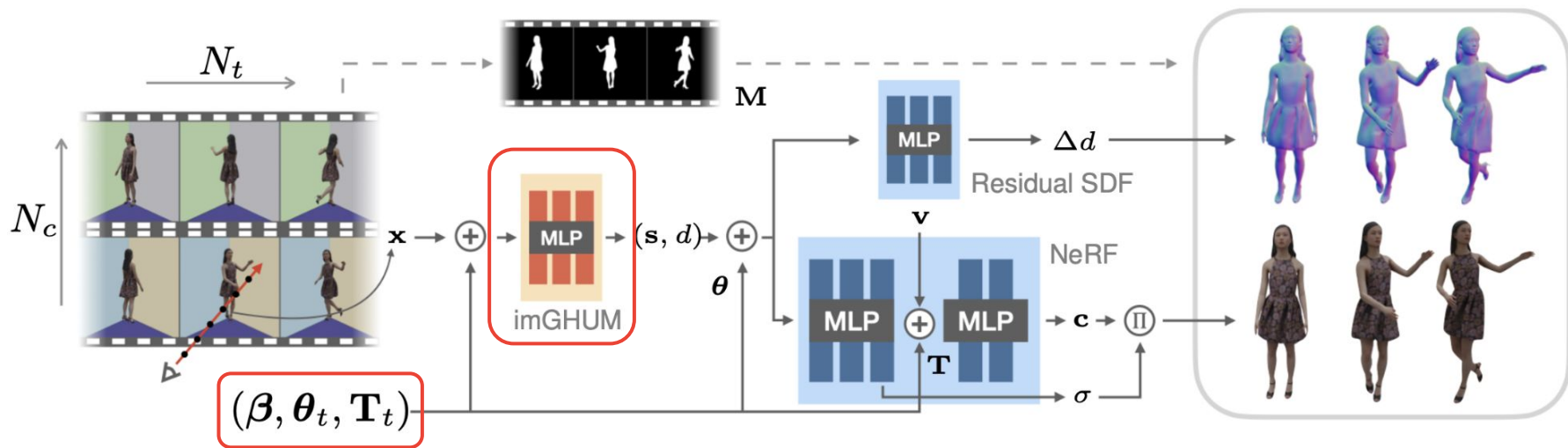
The implicit body model is an important building block of H-NeRF

# Overview



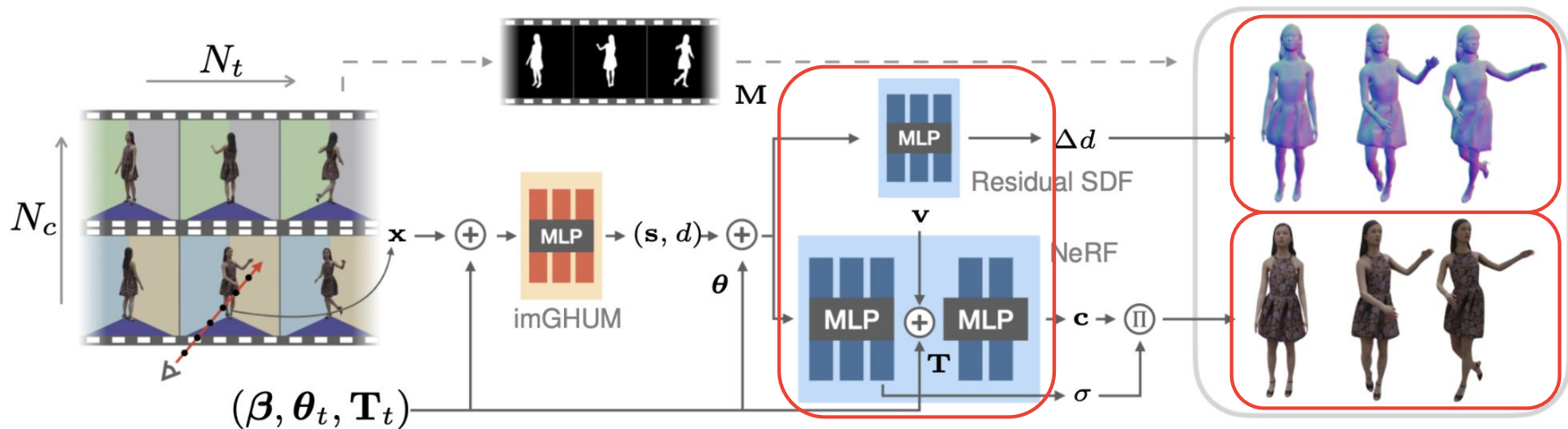


# Overview



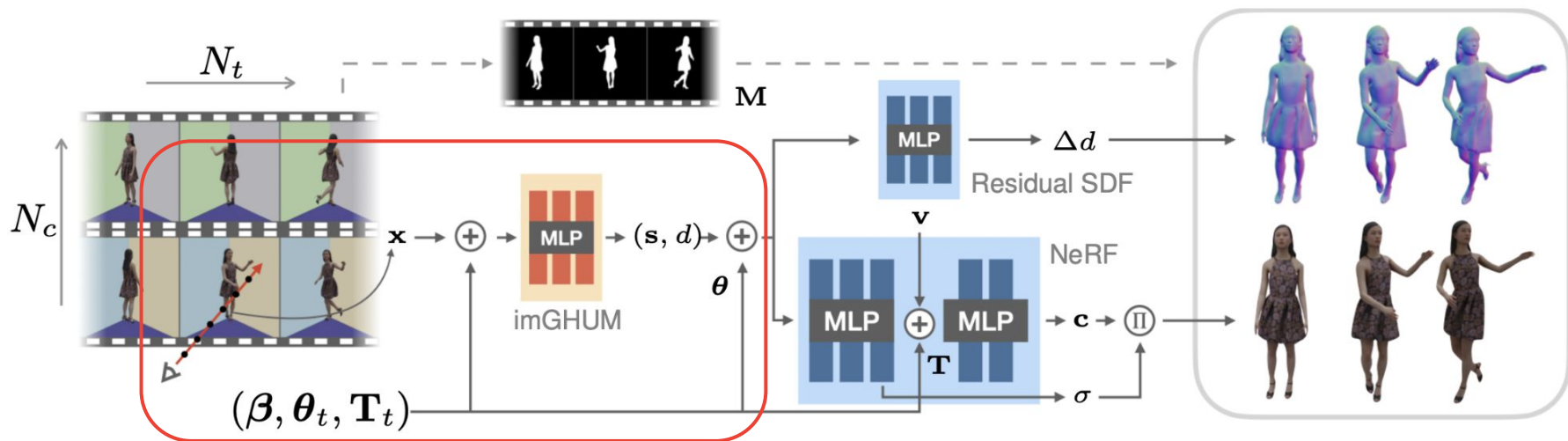
The implicit SDF-based body model imGHUM serves as a geometric prior and common reference frame

# Overview



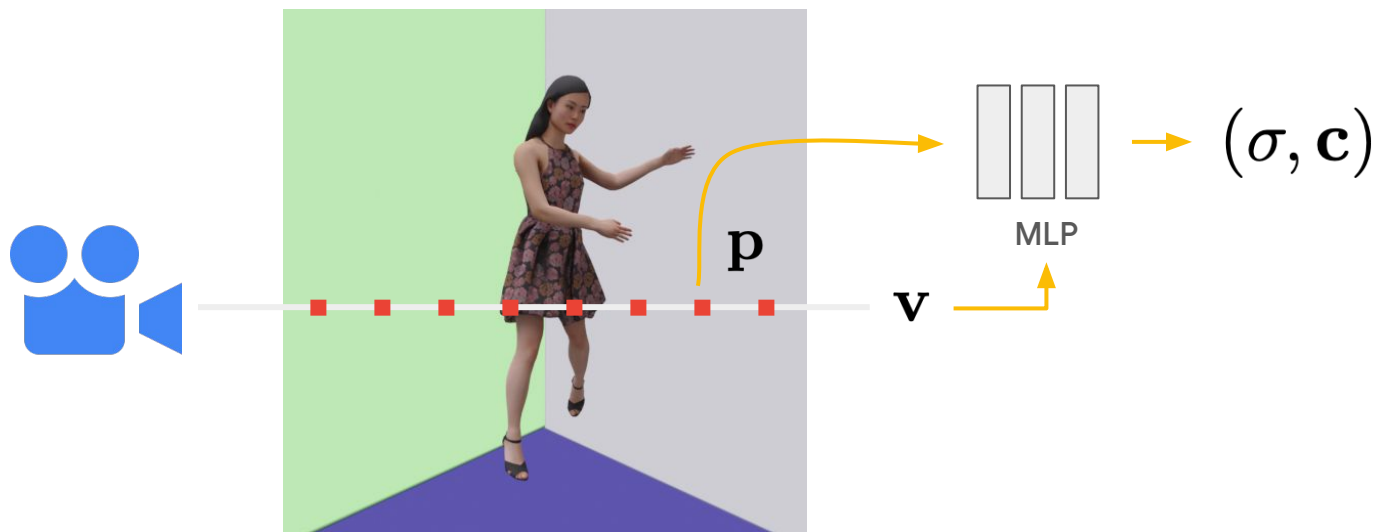
We co-train a neural radiance field and a signed distance function to enable high fidelity in **both** view synthesis and 3D reconstruction

# Overview



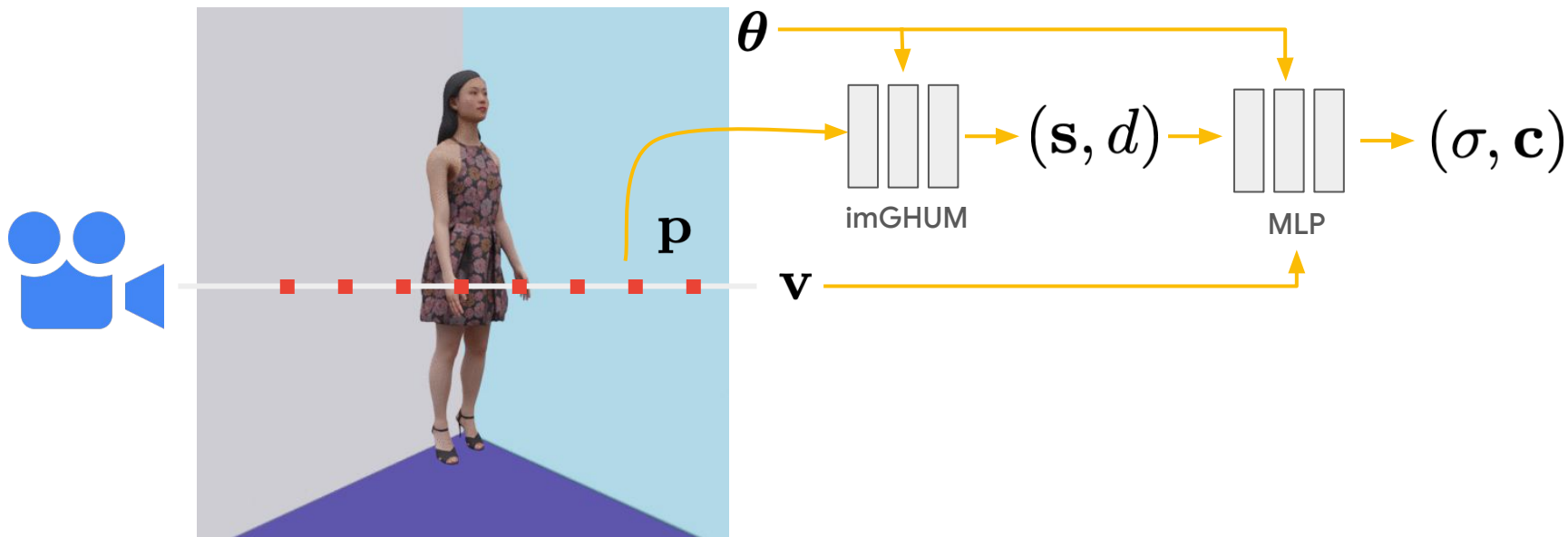
At test time, the subject can be animated with different motions, or even synthesized with extrapolated shape, by varying imGHUM's generative parameters

# NeRF Formulation

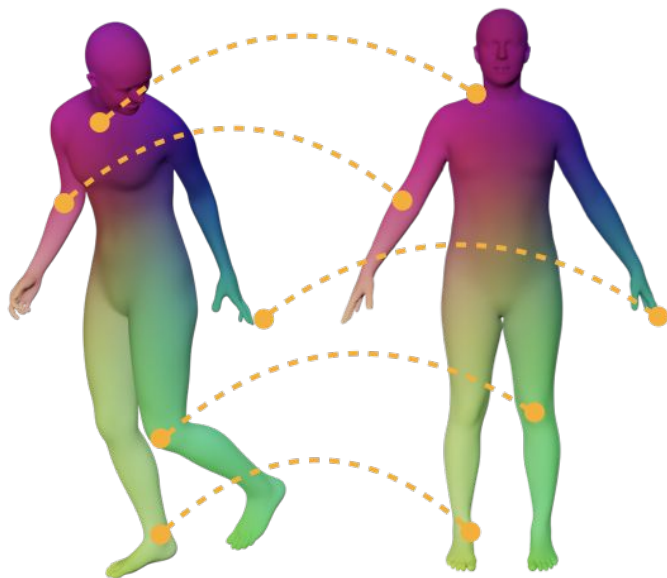


The rendering component of our method builds upon the original NeRF formulation, and is trained using only image observations

# Dynamic NeRF Formulation



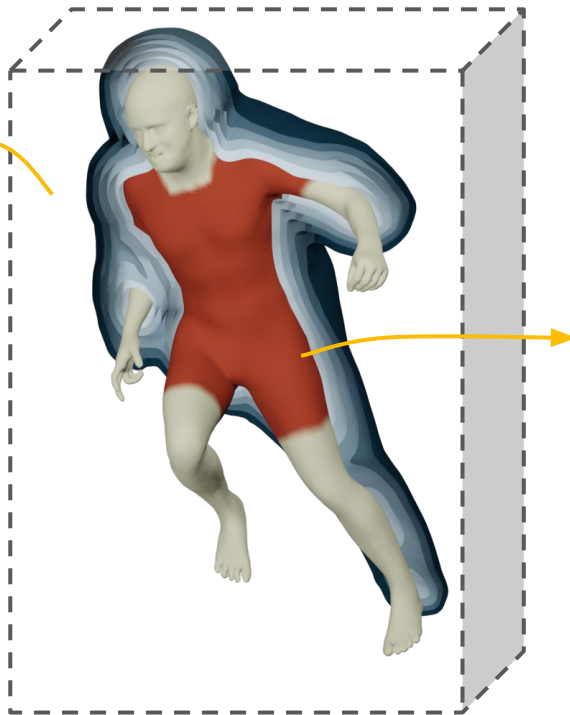
# imGHUM as Spatial Warping Function



imGHUM returns distance and semantics that map every point in space into a common reference frame

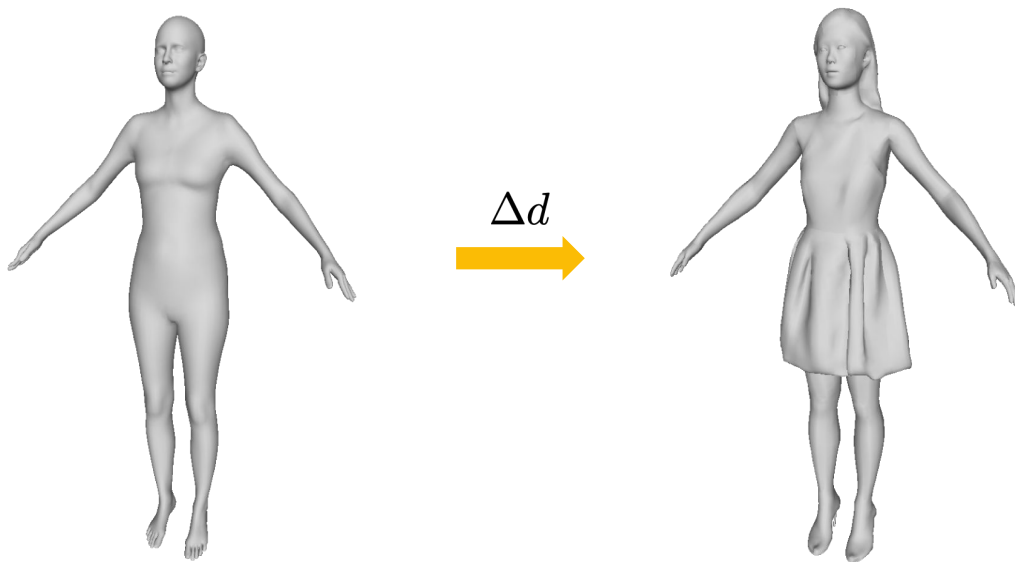
# imGHUM as Geometric Prior

We expect the occupancy of the reconstructed subject to be inside imGHUM's relaxed bounding box.



We expect high NeRF density inside the imGHUM body estimate.

# Residual SDF



We co-learn a residual SDF to the (fixed) imGHUM model to be able to represent hair and clothing



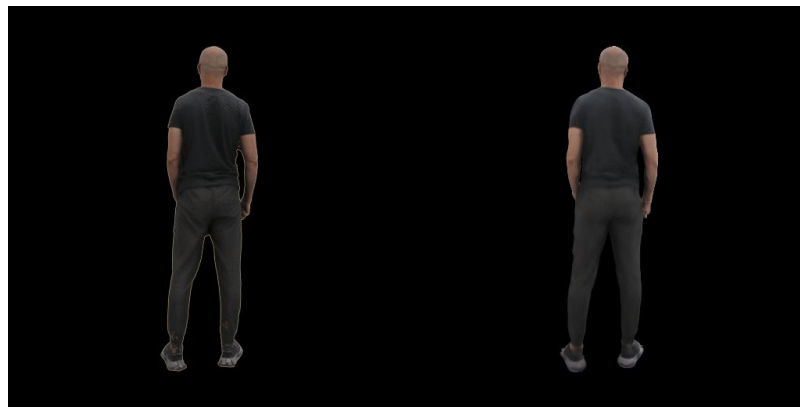
# Results

# Novel View Synthesis



Ground truth

H-NeRF



Ground truth

H-NeRF



Training views



Test views (45° from training)

# Geometric Reconstruction



Each pair:  
Ground truth (left) Ours (right)

# Comparison with SoTA



Ground truth



Ours



NeuralBody  
[Peng et al. 2021]

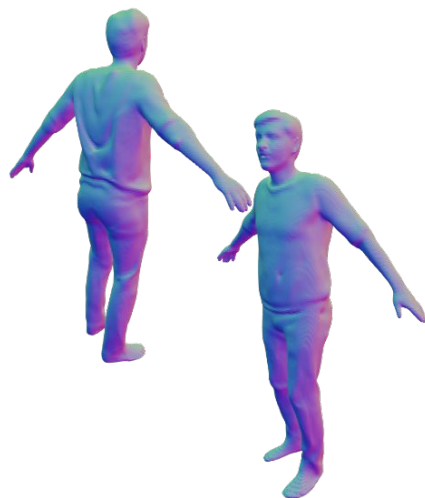
# Comparison with SoTA



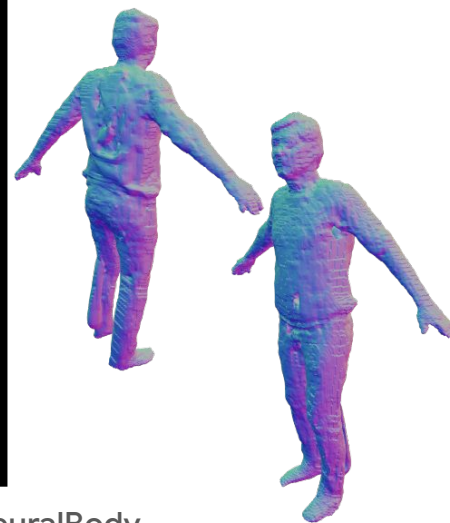
Ground-Truth



Ours



NeuralBody  
[Peng et al. 2021]



# Rendering new Motions



Synthesized unseen motions rendered using testing camera views

# Rendering new Motions based on Sparse Real-World Training Images



PeopleSnapshot (trained on 1 camera)



Human 3.6M (trained on 4 cameras)

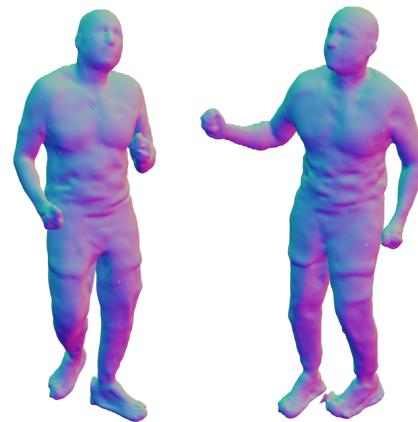
# Statistical Body Shape Editing



Two subjects rendered with statistically modified body shapes,  
both lower and higher BMI w.r.t. photographed (center)



# Generalization



Novel view synthesis and geometric reconstruction  
with a novel shape and a novel pose sequence

# Thank You



Hongyi Xu  
hongyixu@google.com



Tiemo Alldieck  
alldieck@google.com



Cristian Sminchisescu  
sminchisescu@google.com