

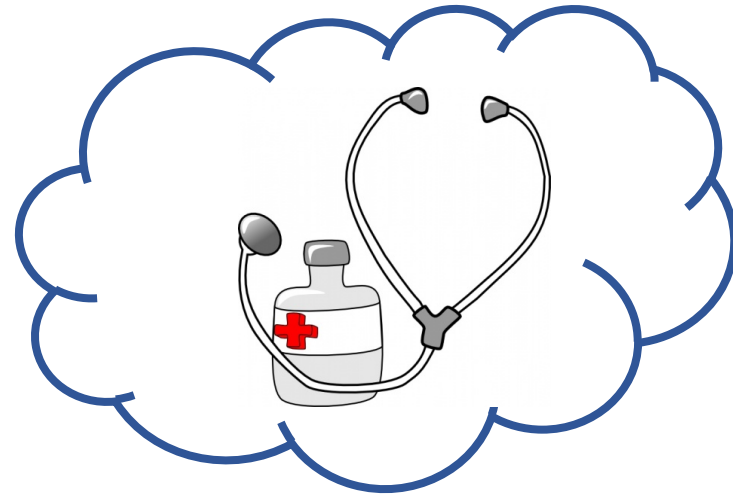
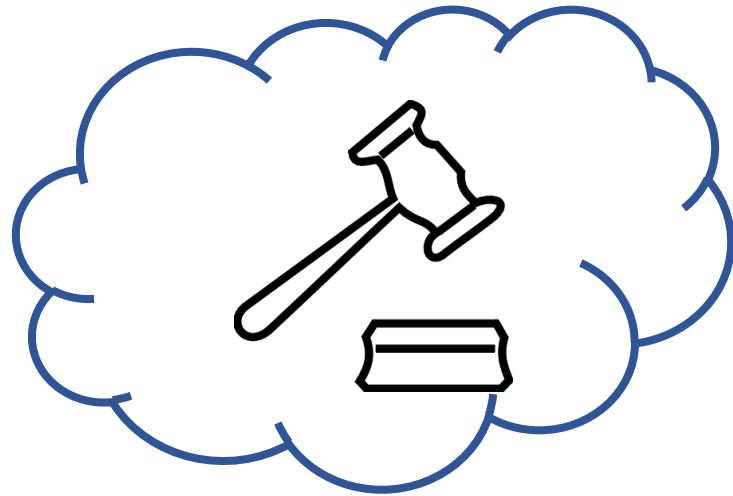
Human-in-the-Loop Interpretability Prior

Isaac Lage¹, Andrew Slavin Ross¹, Been Kim²,
Samuel J. Gershman¹ & Finale Doshi-Velez¹

¹Harvard University & ²Google Brain

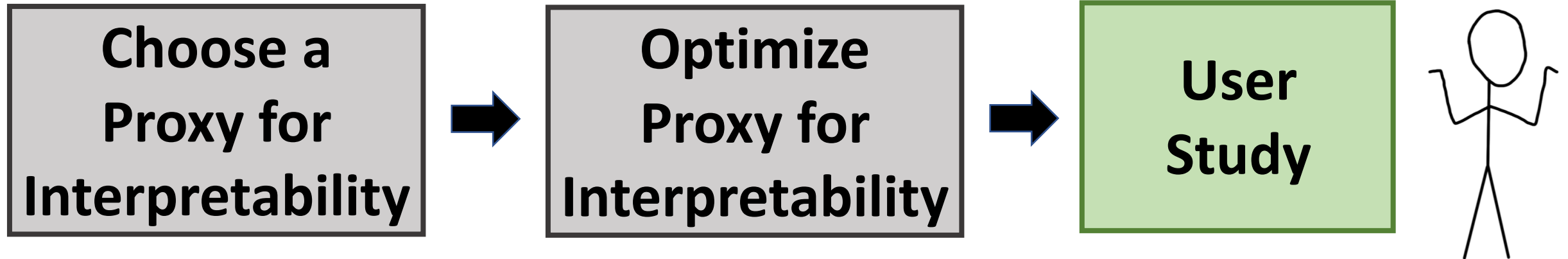
Poster: Today, 10:45 AM - 12:45 PM, Room 210 & 230 AB #119

Interpretability



Optimizing for Interpretability

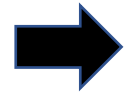
Previous Work



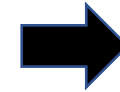
Optimizing for Interpretability

Previous Work

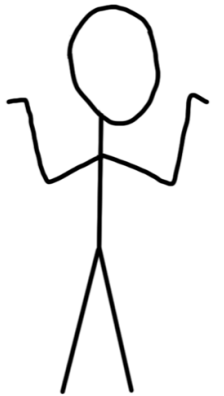
**Choose a
Proxy for
Interpretability**



**Optimize
Proxy for
Interpretability**



**User
Study**

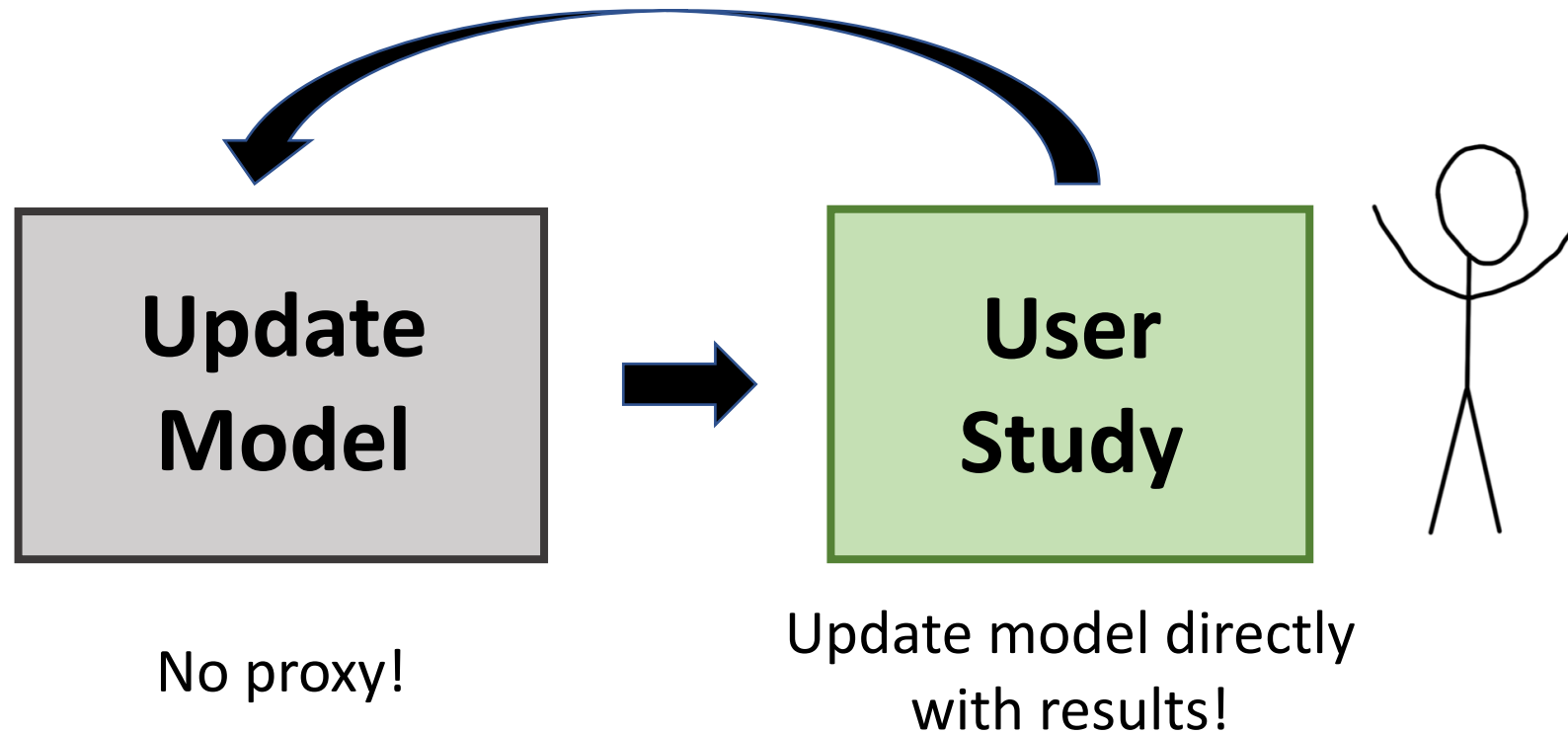


Which proxy?

How to use results to
choose a better proxy?

Optimizing for Interpretability

Human-in-the-Loop Interpretability



Interpretability Prior


Goal: Bias model to be human interpretable

$$\max_{M \in \mathcal{M}} p(X|M)p(M)$$

Bayesian Inference

Interpretability Prior

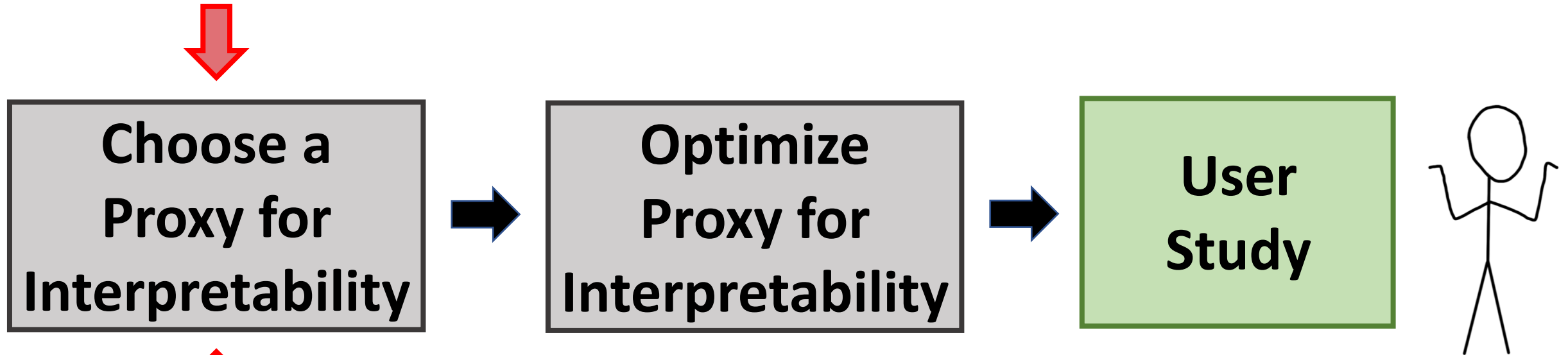
First: Formulate Interpretability Encouraging Prior


$$\max_{M \in \mathcal{M}} p(X|M)p(M)$$

Optimizing for Interpretability

Can define a **prior**

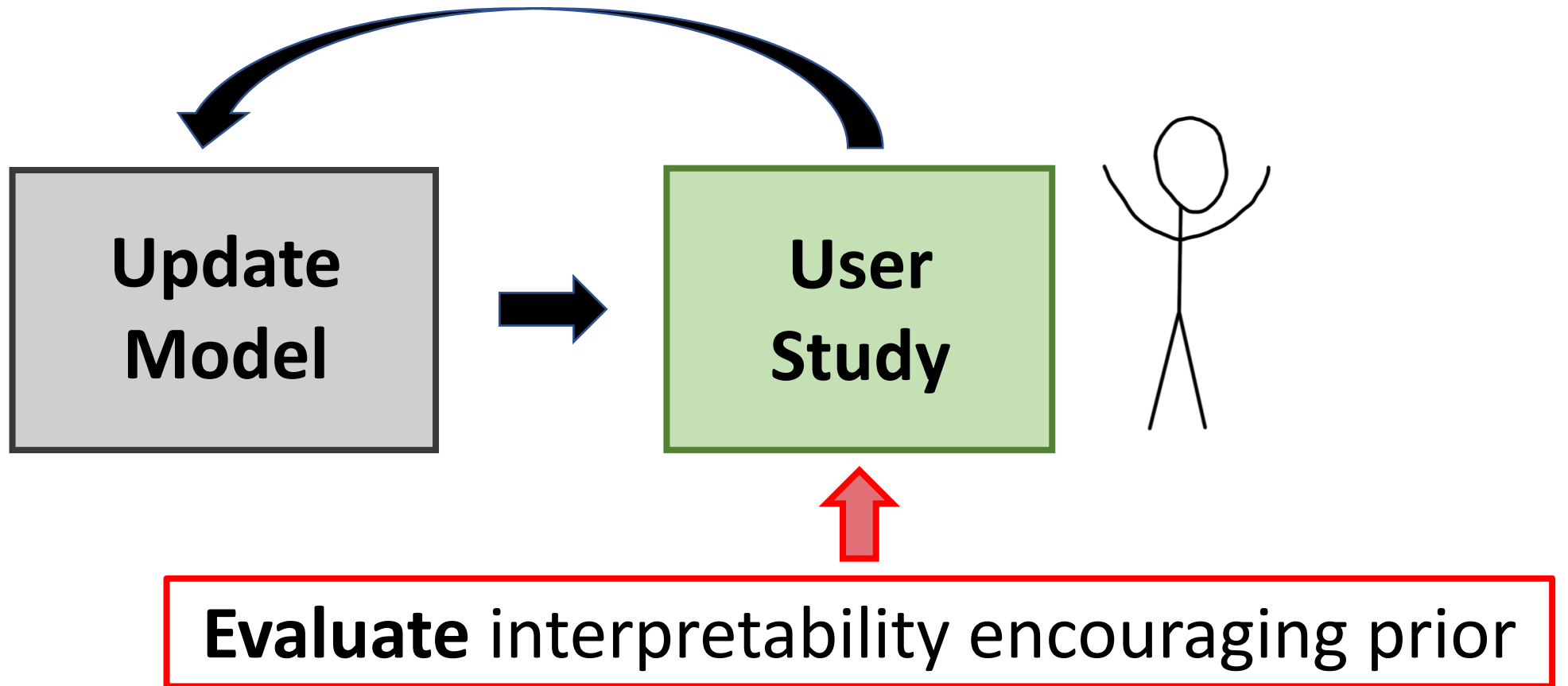
Previous Work



Which **prior** captures human interpretability?

Optimizing for Interpretability

Human-in-the-Loop Interpretability



Interpretability Prior

First: Formulate Interpretability Encouraging Prior

$$\max_{M \in \mathcal{M}} p(X|M)p(M)$$

Then: Identify MAP Solution

Interpretability Prior

$$\max_{M \in \mathcal{M}} p(X|M)p(M)$$

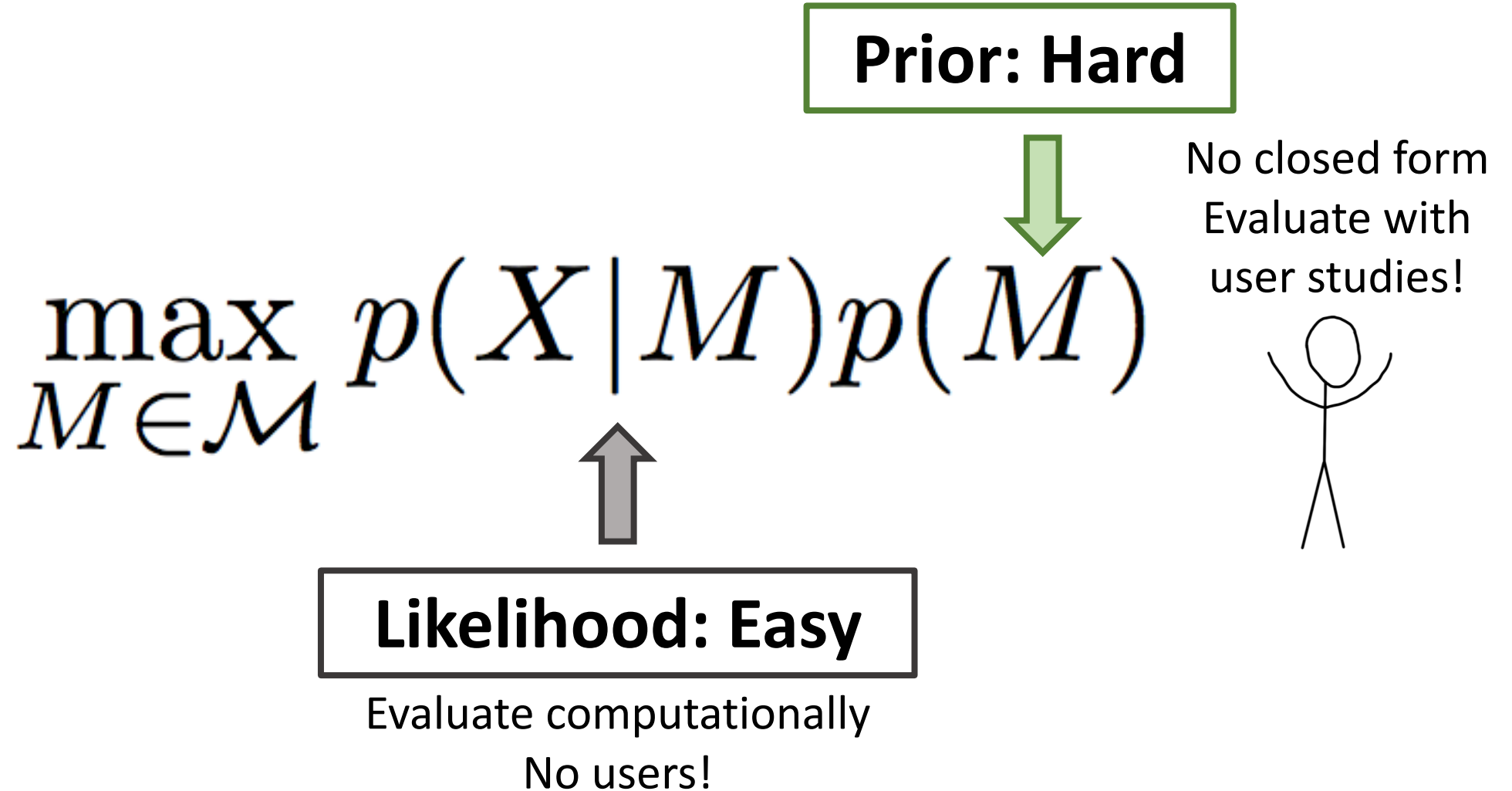


Likelihood: Easy

Evaluate computationally

No users!

Interpretability Prior

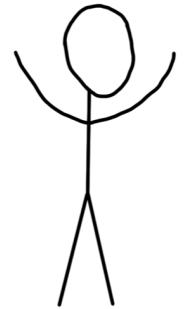


Interpretability Prior

Prior: Hard

$$\max_{M \in \mathcal{M}} p(X|M)p(M)$$

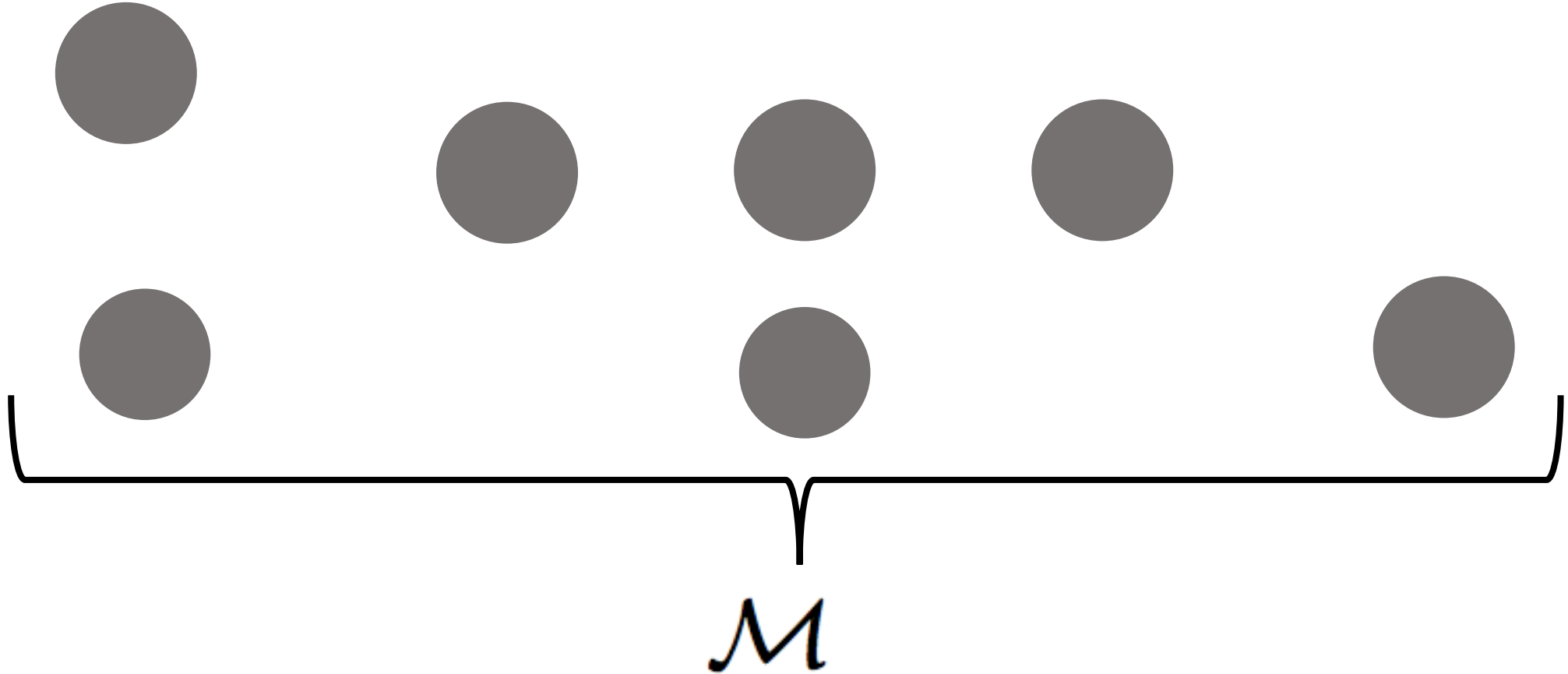
No closed form
Evaluate with
user studies!



Challenge: Approximate MAP with few evaluations of prior

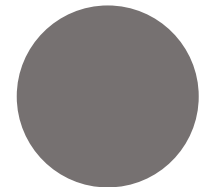
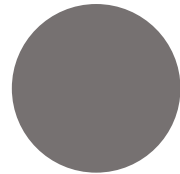
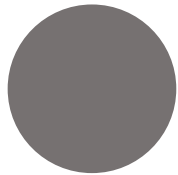
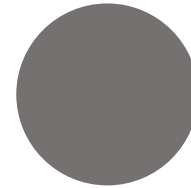
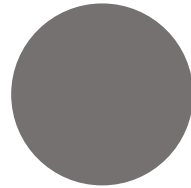
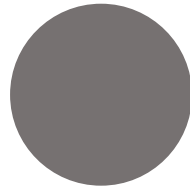
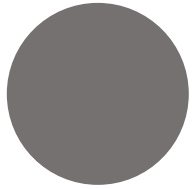
Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 1: Identify Diverse, High Likelihood Models



Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 1: Identify Diverse, High Likelihood Models



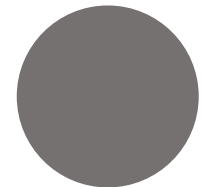
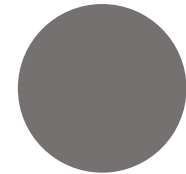
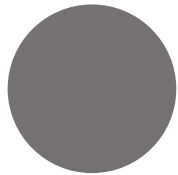
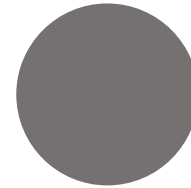
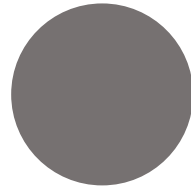
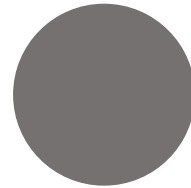
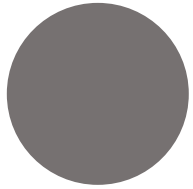
Candidate MAP 1:
Likelihood = **HIGH**

Candidate MAP 2:
Likelihood = **HIGH**

Candidate MAP 3:
Likelihood = **HIGH**

Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 1: Identify Diverse, High Likelihood Models



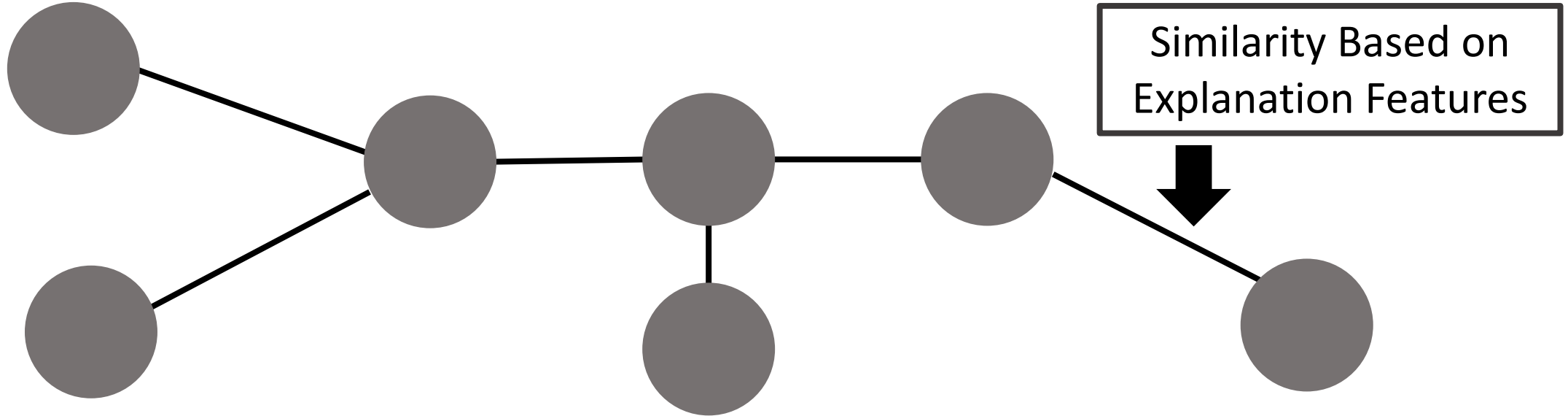
Candidate MAP 1:
Likelihood = **HIGH**
Prior = ?

Candidate MAP 2:
Likelihood = **HIGH**
Prior = ?

Candidate MAP 3:
Likelihood = **HIGH**
Prior = ?

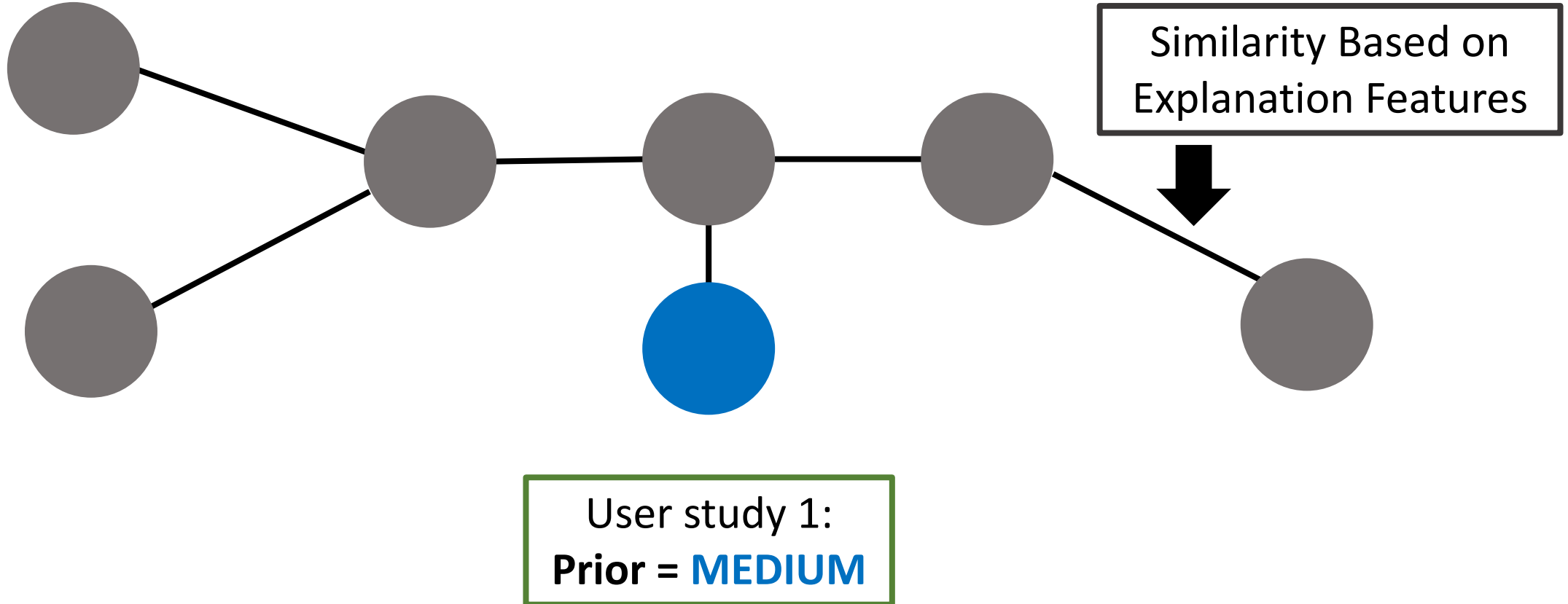
Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 2: Bayesian Optimization with User Studies



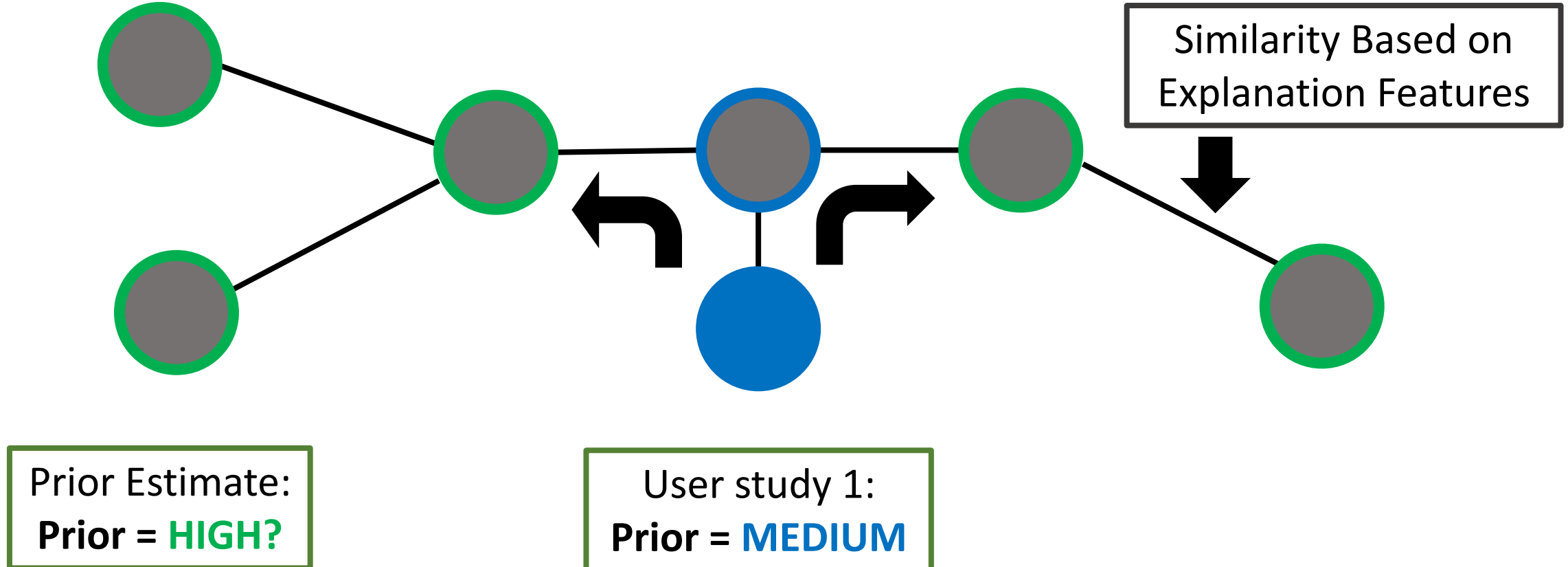
Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 2: Bayesian Optimization with User Studies



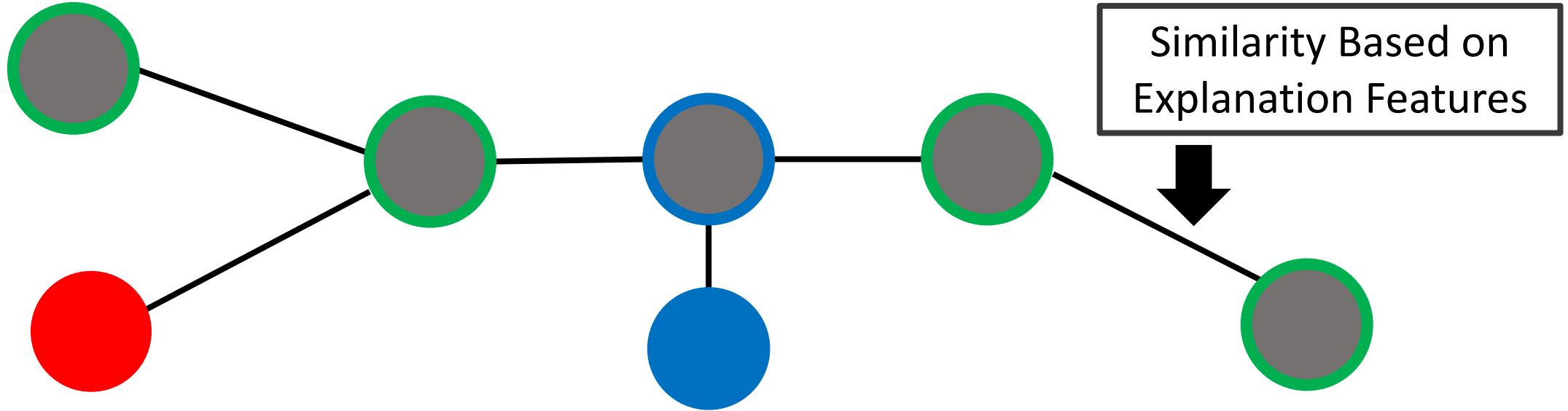
Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 2: Bayesian Optimization with User Studies



Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 2: Bayesian Optimization with User Studies

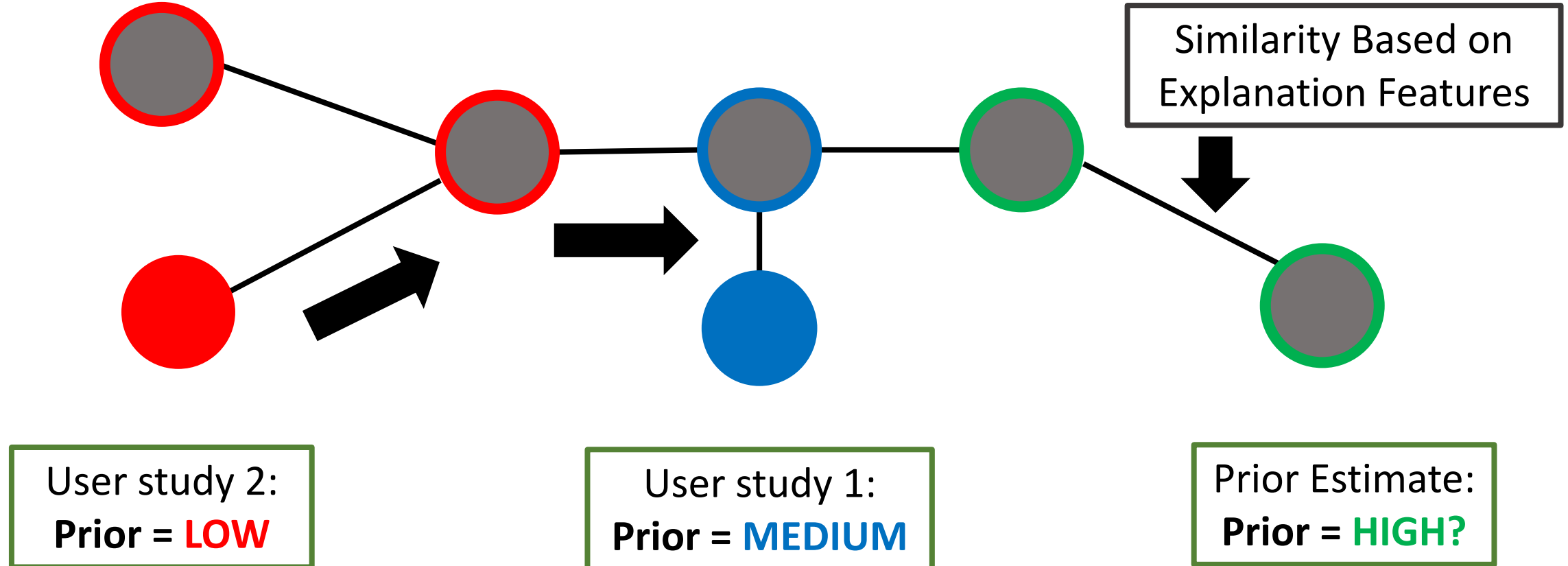


User study 2:
Prior = **LOW**

User study 1:
Prior = **MEDIUM**

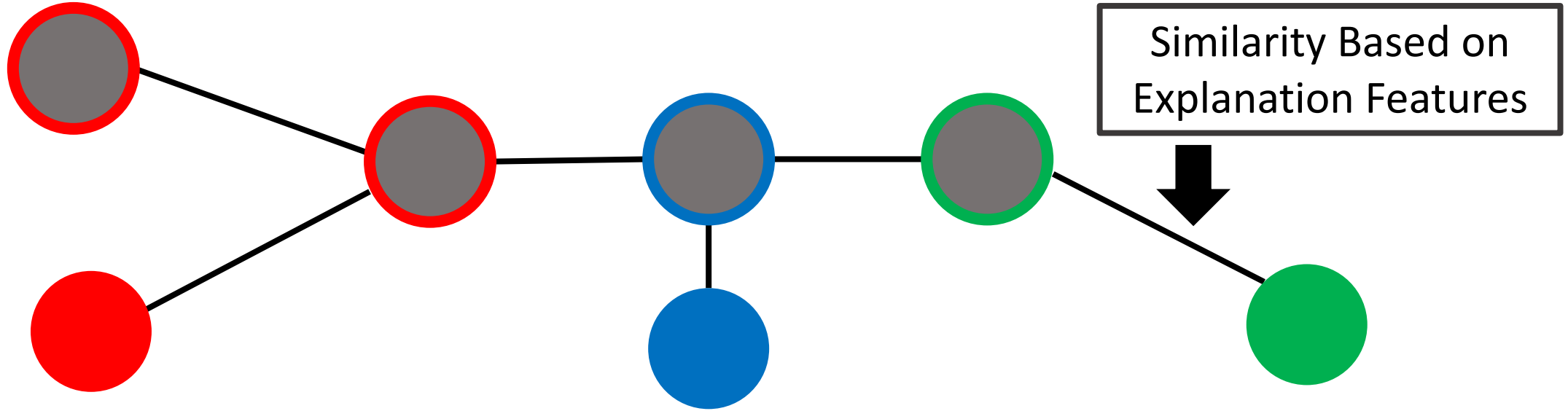
Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 2: Bayesian Optimization with User Studies



Simplified Cartoon of Our Approach

Step 2: Bayesian Optimization with User Studies



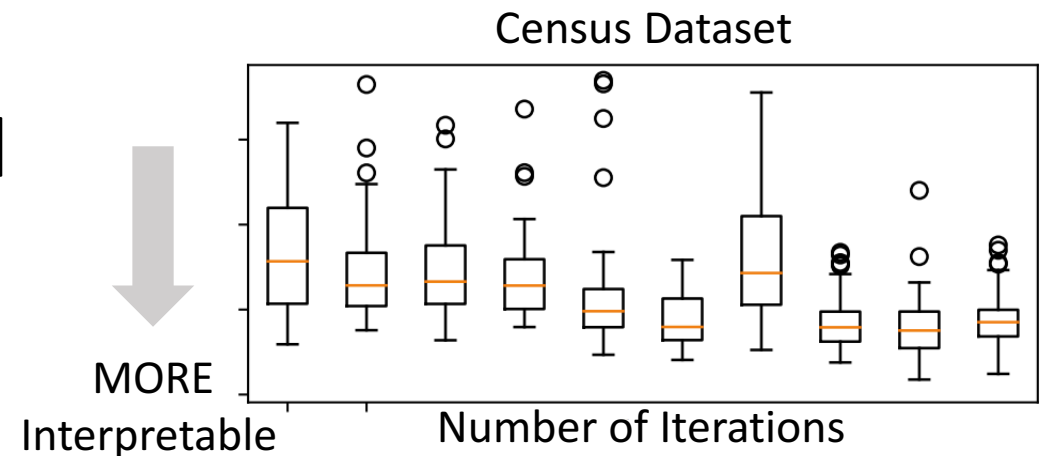
User study 2:
Prior = **LOW**

User study 1:
Prior = **MEDIUM**

User study 3:
Prior = **HIGH**

Main Takeaways

- We optimize for interpretability directly with human feedback
- Our approach efficiently identifies human-interpretable and predictive models
- MAP approximations correspond to different interpretability proxies on different datasets



Poster: Today, 10:45 AM - 12:45 PM, Room 210 & 230 AB #119